

# CRANDALL

The Crandalls of Rhode Island are of Welsh descent, the name in that language being Craum Dell, meaning iron dell. Several of this name arrived at Boston, Massachusetts, as early as 1634.

(I) The ancestor of the New York branch, Rev. John Crandall, appears in Massachusetts records in 1635. At that time the persecution of Roger Williams was causing great excitement in the colonies, many being opposed to the extreme measures of the Puritans. In the autumn of 1635 the church at Salem dismissed him from their pulpit, and he was ordered to leave the colony in six weeks. In the winter of 1636 the authorities at Boston ordered his arrest, but he learned of their plans and fled into the wilderness, reaching Narragansett Bay in the spring. He was treated kindly by the sachems of Narragansett Indians, from whom he obtained large grants of land and founded



the city of Providence. Rev. John Crandall was also persecuted for his religious opinions, and, after his imprisonment in Boston, sought safety in Providence, soon after was of Newport, where he was associated with the early Baptists, later still was of Westerly, Rhode Island, where he was the first elder of the Baptist church. He was prominent in the latter town, which he represented as deputy. He died at Newport, Rhode Island, 1678, having moved there on account of the Indian war. He had two wives; the first died August 1, 1670, the second wife, Hannah, died 1678. Children of first wife: 1. John, died 1704; married Elizabeth Gorton; five children. 2. James. 3. Jane, died 1715; married Job Babcock. 4. Sarah, married Josiah Witter. 5. Peter, died 1734; married Mary ———; he was deputy, justice of the peace, and lieutenant. 6. Joseph, died 1737; married Deborah Burdick; three children. 7. Samuel, died 1736; married (first) Sarah Colley; married (second) Hannah Gaylord; seven children. Children of second wife: 8. Jeremiah, died 1718; married Priscilla Warner. 9. Eber, of whom further.

(II) Eber, youngest son of Rev. John and his second wife, Hannah Crandall, was born 1676, died 1727. He was made a freeman of Westerly, June 29, 1702. He bought land in 1709; will proved September 15, 1727. He lived in Westerly and Newport, Rhode Island. He married (first) ———, (second)

——— Lanphere, (third) Mary Cottrell, who died 1727. In his will he says: "To my wife Mary equal share of whole estate, with all her children and mine that I had also by my former wife, to each child, John, Eber, Samuel, Joseph, children I had by my second wife and to my five children, that my now wife hath living, Mary, Nathaniel, Jonathan, Ebenezer and Jeremiah, one-tenth of estate, when said children are of age. Executors may sell land and put children out apprentice."

(III) Jeremiah, ninth child of Eber, and youngest by his third wife, Mary (Cottrell) Crandall, was baptized 1718, in Rhode Island; died at Ghent, Columbia county, New York. About the time of the revolutionary war he settled in Dutchess county, New York, later joining others of his family in Ghent. He married, at South Kingston, Rhode Island, February 2, 1746-47, Elizabeth Casey, born in Kingston, Rhode Island, 1720, daughter of Samuel Casey, born about 1686, died March,

1752; married, September 23, 1715, Dorcas Ellis, who died prior to 1744, daughter of James Ellis, of Stonington, Rhode Island. Samuel was a son of Thomas Casey, born 1637, died at Newport, Rhode Island, 1711; married Sarah Davis, who died in 1706. Children of Jeremiah Crandall: Samuel, of whom further; Esther, born March 13, 1753; Jeremiah, September 19, 1755; Dorcas, May 24, 1758; James, January 29, 1764, died July 22, 1848.

(IV) Samuel, eldest child of Jeremiah and Elizabeth (Casey) Crandall, was born in South Kingston, Rhode Island, September 18, 1750; died in the town of Ghent, Columbia county, New York, August 25, 1822. He settled in Dutchess county, New York, after his marriage and prior to the revolutionary war. He was a member of the Society of Friends and a school teacher. He removed to Columbia county about 1794. At the first election held in Chatham, in that county, April 7, 1818, he was elected commissioner of public schools. There was quite a numerous settlement of Quakers in the eastern part of the town of Ghent, and among them none bore a better reputation than Samuel Crandall. He married, January 11, 1776, in Dutchess county, Keziah Stillwell. Children: Esther, born August 4, 1776, died 1777; William Pitt, October 31, 1777; Anna, November 20, 1780, died 1782; Mercy, February 4, 1783; Stephen, of whom further; Pauline, September 7, 1790; Elihu, September 2, 1795.

(V) Stephen, fifth child and second son of Samuel and Keziah (Stillwell) Crandall, was born in Dutchess county, New York, December 9, 1786; died December 12, 1839, at Portland, New York. He moved from Kinderhook to Portland, New York, 1836. He married, January 22, 1818, Christianna Benjamin, born at Ghent, New York, June 12, 1792, died October 1, 1868, daughter of William Benjamin, born at Preston, Connecticut, April 16, 1768, died November, 1841. He married, January 24, 1790, Mary Juliana Beebe, died February 7, 1832, aged sixty-three years, daughter of John Beebe, born December 5, 1727; married, November 9, 1749, Mary Hill, daughter of James, and granddaughter of John Hill. John Beebe, son of John Beebe, born December 1, 1701, at New London, Connecticut, died July 15, 1788, at Canaan, New York; married, about 1726, Ruth Pratt, born March 16, 1706, died September 15, 1794, daughter of Joseph and Sarah Pratt. John Beebe, son of



Benjamin Beebe, born about 1663, at New London, Connecticut, died about 1752; married Hannah Wheeler. Benjamin Beebe, son of John Beebe, born 1628, died 1708; married Abigail York, about 1655, born 1638, died March 9, 1725, daughter of James York, of Stonington. William Benjamin, son of Ebenezer Benjamin, died December 22, 1789, at the age of fifty-five years; married, November 26, 1761, his cousin, Phoebe Benjamin, baptized September 29, 1745, died November 2, 1813, daughter of Daniel Benjamin, born in Preston, Connecticut, September 17, 1714, died July 31, 1756; married Phoebe Guile, March 13, 1739, or 1740. Daniel Benjamin was brother of Obed Benjamin, who was born in Barnstable, Massachusetts, August 15, 1701, died 1738; married Mary Yarrington. Obed Benjamin was son of Joseph Benjamin, born about 1664, at Barnstable, Massachusetts, died 1738; married, August 25, 1698, Elizabeth Cook, of Preston, Connecticut. Joseph Benjamin was son of Joseph Benjamin, who was born in New Town (Cambridge, Massachusetts), September 16, 1633, son of John Benjamin, the first of that name in America, an emigrant from England, in 1632. Stephen and Christianna (Benjamin) Crandall had ten children: Urania; William Benjamin, of whom further; Samuel, of whom further; James; Hosea Ballou, of whom elsewhere; Mary P.; Winchester; Lydia H.; Edward; Matilda.

(VI) William Benjamin, eldest son of Stephen and Christianna (Benjamin) Crandall, born in Dutchess county, New York, August 22, 1820; died in Westfield, New York, July 16, 1890. He married, November 16, 1848, at Westfield, New York, Sylvia S. Bandall, born February 19, 1825, at Winsted, Connecticut, daughter of Samuel Bandall, of Winchester, born 1799, married (first) Mariam Amelia Hart, born 1802, (second) Thirza Russell. Mariam Amelia Hart, daughter of Samuel Hart, born 1771, at Southington, Connecticut, died March 26, 1826. He married Mariam Bassett, of Vermont, born May 5, 1776, daughter of Elemuel and Patience (Waters) Bassett. He was a son of Abel and Mariam (Tuttle) Bassett, grandson of Joseph and Mariam (Bradley) Bassett, and great-grandson of Captain John Bassett, born December 24, 1642, died February 8, 1714; married Mercy, daughter of Christopher Todd, baptized February 18, 1656, died April 8, 1717. Samuel Hart, son of Luke Hart, born January 8, 1738, or 1739, at South-

ington, Connecticut; married, March, 1764, Deborah, born November 10, 1734, at Branford, Connecticut, daughter of Benjamin Barnes, born December 13, 1702, died February 11, 1770. He married, December 7, 1727, Hannah Abbott. The son of Stephen Barnes, born at Southampton, Long Island, married Mary Barnes. Stephen, said to be a son of Samuel, of Easthampton, Long Island, who was a son of Joshua Barnes, of Easthampton, Long Island. Luke, son of Hawkins Hart, born March 1, 1708, at Wallingford, Connecticut, died April 17, 1756, at Southington; married (second), April 5, 1738, Esther Gridley, born March 17, 1706, at Farmington. Hawkins, son of Hawkins Hart, born at Farmington, 1677, died May 24, 1735, at Wallingford; married, September 7, 1701, Sarah Royce, born April 3, 1683, at Wallingford, Connecticut, died January 31, 1733. He was a son of Thomas Hart, born 1643, died August 27, 1726; married Ruth Hawkins, born October 24, 1649, died October 9, 1724. Samuel, son of John George Bandall, born 1754, died April 8, 1832; married (first), 1779, Sarah Barber, born 1761, died 1829, daughter of Dr. Samuel Barber, born 1714, died January, 1797; married (second) Hannah, born June 8, 1728, died 1819, daughter of Noah Humphrey, born in Simsbury, 1707, where he died; married, April 27, 1726, Hannah Case, born January 30, 1698-99. Noah, son of Samuel Humphrey, born May 15, 1656, died June 15, 1736; married Mary Mills, born December 8, 1662, died April 4, 1730. Samuel, son of Michael Humphrey, who married, October 14, 1647, Priscilla Grant, born in England, September 14, 1626. Dr. Samuel (2) Barber, son of Samuel (1) Barber, who was born 1690, died December 18, 1725; married, December 17, 1712, Sarah Holcomb. He was a son of Lieutenant Thomas Barber, baptized July 14, 1644, died May 10, 1713; married, December 17, 1663, Mary (Phelps) Marcy. Lieutenant Thomas Barber, son of Thomas Barber, born 1614, died September 10, 1662; married, October 7, 1640, Jane ———, who died September 11, 1662. William Benjamin and Sylvia S. (Bandall) Crandall had two children: Samuel Charles, of whom further; Frank William, of whom further.

(VII) Samuel Charles, son of William Benjamin and Sylvia S. (Bandall) Crandall, was born in Westfield, New York, March 18, 1853. He was educated in Westfield and attended Westfield Academy. A year after attaining his majority he established an undertaking



house in his native town, which he still continues. He is prominent in all enterprises for the benefit of Westfield and Chautauqua county, being one of the prime movers in establishing the local telephone company of Westfield. He is manager as well as a director of this company, besides holding directorships in various other telephone companies in adjacent towns. He held the office of president of the village of Westfield for three terms, and, for fifteen years, was coroner of Chautauqua county. He is also prominent in educational work, being a member of the board of managers of the Fredonia State Normal School. In politics he is a Republican. By the will of the late Hon. S. Frederick Nixon, of Westfield, he was made one of the executors of his estate, which occupies much of his time. He is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Summit Lodge, of Westfield.

He married, September 19, 1888, in Westfield, New York, Eugena S., born in Westfield, New York, daughter of James and Mary (Bell) Johnston. Children: Herbert J., born October 18, 1890; William Bell, September 20, 1892.

(VII) Frank William, son of William Benjamin and Sylvia S. (Bandall) Crandall, was born April 30, 1861, in Westfield, New York. He received his education in Westfield, graduating from Westfield Academy in 1880. He chose banking for his life work, and his success has certainly justified the choice. On July 1, 1880, he entered the First National Bank of Westfield, as office boy. By his close application to his work and his willingness, together with his courteous manner toward those with whom he had dealings, he gained the confidence of his employers, and his advance through the lower grades of banking was rapid. Seven years after entering the bank he was made assistant cashier. In 1890 he was elected a director of the bank, and, in 1892, was appointed cashier. He held this position until he was advanced to the position he now holds, that of vice-president. Mr. Crandall did not confine himself to the Westfield bank. He was one of the organizers of the banking firm of E. A. Skinner & Company, of Ripley, which was opened January 20, 1891. This institution developed into the First National Bank, of Ripley, New York, and received its charter from the government September 1, 1902. Mr. Crandall is president of this institution. He has given much of his time in the service of

his village, having acted as clerk from 1884 to 1887. In 1893 he was elected president of the village, and reelected in 1894-95. From 1896 to 1908 he was a member of the water board commissions, serving as president and superintendent. He was one of the incorporators of the Patterson Library, of Westfield, of which he has been treasurer since 1896. This is another position which he occupies solely for the public benefit. He has been connected with the supreme treasurer's office of the Royal Arcanum for over thirty years, and there, as elsewhere, has proven of great value.

He was reared in the Methodist Episcopal faith, but, in 1887, he became connected with St. Peter's Episcopal Church, and, for many years, has acted as its treasurer, and he is now senior warden and is one of the church supporters. He has been a member of the board of visitation of the Gowanda State Hospital since 1902, a position which he has held by the appointment of the governor of the state of New York. In no position which he has attempted to fill has Mr. Crandall failed in any respect. His rapid rise in the First National Bank, of Westfield, prophesied a career of great usefulness, and this prophecy has assuredly been fulfilled. He has been a lifelong resident of Westfield, and is numbered among its foremost citizens, respected and admired by all. His life has been a shining example to all young men, showing that nothing is needed to succeed but character, determination and perseverance.

He married, June 29, 1887, in Westfield, New York, Catherine Louise Patterson, born in Corning, New York, July 23, 1862, daughter of George Washington Patterson. Children: 1. Francis William, born January 13, 1889; graduate of Yale College, B. A., 1911. 2. George Patterson, born June 21, 1891; entered Yale College, 1911.

(The Patterson Line).

John Patterson was born about 1640, in Argyleshire, Scotland, probably died in Priestland, Ireland. He moved to Priestland, near Bush Mills, Antrim county, Ireland, about 1680. He was at the historic siege of Derry, with his family, from December, 1688, to July, 1689, where one of his sons died of starvation, being found dead with his mouth full of weeds.

(II) Robert, son of John Patterson, was born about 1666, in Scotland; died at Priestland, Ireland. He lived, nearly all his life, on



*J. H. Randall*



the Priestland homestead, which, at his death, he bequeathed to his son John. He married, about 1689-90, Rachel Thompson. Children: John, Robert, Rachel.

(III) John (2), son of Robert and Rachel (Thompson) Patterson, born 1690, in Priestland, county Antrim, Ireland; died there. He married, probably early in 1709, Sarah Farrier, who died in county Antrim, Ireland. Children: Robert, John, William, James, Peter.

(IV) Peter, son of John (2) and Sarah (Farrier) Patterson, was born in Priestland, county Antrim, Ireland, 1715; died at Londonderry, New Hampshire, March 28, 1800. He was the American emigrant of the Patterson family, settling in Londonderry, New Hampshire, in 1737. He married, March 22, 1744, Grizel Wilson, born October 14, 1722, at Londonderry, New Hampshire, died June 29, 1817, at Londonderry, daughter of Thomas Wilson, died in Londonderry, June 28, 1772. He married Grizel Carr. Thomas Wilson was the son of James and Margaret (Ross) Wilson. Peter and Grizel (Wilson) Patterson had ten children: Robert, Thomas, Sarah, John, Rachel, Margaret, Sarah, Grizel, James, Elizabeth.

(V) Thomas, son of Peter and Grizel (Wilson) Patterson, was born at Londonderry, New Hampshire, October 23, 1746; died at Londonderry, New Hampshire, May 20, 1834. He was a farmer in his native town, and served through the revolutionary war. He married, June 1, 1775, Elizabeth Wallace, born in Londonderry, New Hampshire, October 4, 1755, died December 30, 1833, daughter of James Wallace, born in Ireland, 1712, died October 30, 1791, in Londonderry, New Hampshire; married, December 17, 1742, Mary, born July 28, 1720, died February 13, 1814, daughter of James Wilson, born in Ireland, died January, 1721; married Elizabeth Fulton, 1719, born in Ireland, 1697, died July 8, 1732. James Wallace was the son of Thomas Wallace, who was born in Ireland, 1672, died August 22, 1754, in Londonderry, New Hampshire; married, in Ireland, 1704, Barbary Cochrane, born in Ireland, about 1676, died September 2, 1771, in Londonderry, New Hampshire. Thomas and Elizabeth (Wallace) Patterson had twelve children: Grizel, James, Peter, Robert, Mary, Margaret, Thomas, William, Elizabeth, David, Jane, George Washington.

(VI) George Washington, son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Wallace) Patterson, was born at Londonderry, New Hampshire, November

11, 1799; died in Westfield, New York, October 15, 1879. He finished his school education at the Pinkerton Academy, Derry, New Hampshire. In 1817 he began to teach school at Pelham, New Hampshire, but, in 1818, he gave up teaching and moved to Leicester, near Moscow, Livingston county, New York, where he engaged in the manufacture of fanning mills, in which business he was interested for twenty-six years, during which time he was mostly at his shops on his farm. He remained there until 1841, when he moved to Westfield, New York, to take the agency of the Chautauqua Land Office, as successor to Governor Seward, who succeeded the agent of the Holland Land Company, at the Chautauqua office. When much of the land had been sold Mr. Patterson purchased the remainder and the securities of the company and continued the sales at the Westfield office until his death, when the title to the unsold lands passed to his only son. Mr. Patterson began his long career as a public servant soon after moving to Leicester, New York, and, from 1824 until his death, he was only out of the public service for a short time. In his case the office always sought the man, never the man the office. When the office of justice of the peace became elective he was chosen for that office, which he held, by successive elections, until he moved to Westfield. He was school commissioner, commissioner of highways, justice of the peace, brigade paymaster and supervisor of Leicester; was a member of the state assembly for eight years, and speaker of the house in 1839 and 1840. After coming to Westfield he was appointed basin commissioner, at Albany, by Governor Seward; harbor commissioner, at New York, by Governor Clark, and quarantine commissioner of the port of New York, by Governor Morgan. He was a delegate to the national Republican convention that nominated John C. Fremont for president, and to the national Republican convention that nominated Abraham Lincoln for a second presidential term. He was supervisor of Westfield for three years, president of Westfield Academy, and president of the board of education for many years. He represented Chautauqua county in the state constitutional convention in 1846; was elected lieutenant-governor of the state of New York in 1848, and, in 1876, was elected to the forty-fifth session of the national congress by the Republican party. He was a director in the Buffalo & State Line railroad from the time



of its organization, June, 1849, until the time of its consolidation, May, 1867, and, from that date until June, 1868, a director of the Buffalo & Erie railroad, now a part of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad. Among the legislative measures originated by him was the free banking law of New York, the original bill of which he drew and which was passed. The main provisions of the free banking laws of the United States, giving the people a secured currency under governmental supervision, were taken from the New York law. He was a ready speaker and was in great demand during political campaigns. He had a wonderful memory for facts and dates and a fund of anecdotes to fit every occasion.

He married, February 24, 1825, Hannah Whiting Dickey, born in Londonderry, New Hampshire, August 4, 1800, died February 10, 1886, at Westfield, New York. She was educated at the Pinkerton Academy, of Londonderry, later teaching school at Greigsville, New York. She was the daughter of John Dickey, born January 19, 1766, died September 12, 1837; married, November 12, 1795, Rhoda Varnum, born January 11, 1775, died August 31, 1838, daughter of Captain Ebenezer Varnum, born February 23, 1745, died March 13, 1813, at Dracut, Massachusetts; married (second), March 28, 1768, Hannah, born July 12, 1742, daughter of Isaac Fox, born February 17, 1712; married, May 17, 1739, Abigail Prescott, born February 18, 1716, daughter of Samuel and Esther (Wheeler) Prescott. Isaac Fox was a son of Nathaniel Fox, born December 18, 1683; married, January 11, 1709, or 1710, Hannah Merriam. Nathaniel Fox, son of Eliphalet Fox, born about 1644, died August 15, 1711; married Mary, daughter of John and Ann (How) Stone, widow of Isaac Hunt. Captain Ebenezer Varnum was son of Major Joseph Varnum, born May 7, 1710, died August 26, 1783; married, May 25, 1739, Rachel Goodhue, born June 28, 1719, died March 16, 1746, daughter of Ebenezer and Mary Goodhue. Major Joseph Varnum was son of Colonel Joseph Varnum, born March 15, 1672, died December 23, 1749; married, October 3, 1697, in Dracut, Massachusetts, Ruth Jewett, born about 1681, died November 28, 1728, daughter of Captain Joseph and Ruth (Wood) Jewett. Colonel Joseph Varnum was son of Samuel Varnum, born about 1620, at Draycott, England, died after 1673, at Dracut, Massachusetts; married Sarah Langton. John Dickey

was son of Matthew Dickey, born November, 1728, in Ireland, died October 2, 1802. He came from Londonderry, Ireland, to Londonderry, New Hampshire. He was a revolutionary soldier, and also served in the French and Indian wars. He married, November, 1764, Janet, born January 28, 1733, died July, 1808, daughter of John Wallace, who died March 20, 1777, and who married, May 18, 1721, Annis, daughter of John Barnet. Matthew Dickey, son of John Dickey, came from Londonderry, Ireland, to Londonderry, New Hampshire, in 1729; married Margaret, born 1679, died February 9, 1747, at Londonderry, New Hampshire, daughter of Alexander and Catherine Reed. Hon. George Washington and Hannah Whiting (Dickey) Patterson had two children: 1. George Washington, of whom further. 2. Hannah Whiting, born August 15, 1835, at Leicester, New York; died May 12, 1894, at Westfield, New York. She became a woman of wide philanthropy. Through her generosity the Patterson Library, of Westfield, New York, was founded by an endowment of \$100,000, as a memorial to her parents. She was a member of the Presbyterian church, to whose missionary work she gave her hearty and generous support. Few knew her many good works. She died unmarried.

(VII) George Washington (2), son of George Washington (1) and Hannah Whiting (Dickey) Patterson, was born at Leicester, Livingston county, New York, February 25, 1826; died at Westfield, Chautauqua county, New York, April 29, 1904. He came from Leicester to Westfield, with his parents, in 1841, and attended the old Westfield Academy, finishing his preparation for college at the Lima (New York) Seminary. In 1844 he entered Dartmouth College, and graduated in 1848, with the degree of B. A., and, in 1851, with the degree of M. A. He was an enthusiastic member of the Psi Upsilon fraternity, and was appointed secretary of his class for life. From 1849 to 1851 he studied law in the office of Haven & Smith, of Buffalo. He engaged in manufacturing in Westfield, New York, from 1851 to 1854, and, in this time also, assisted his father as agent of the Chautauqua Land Company. He then moved to Corning, New York, and, for twenty years, followed the banking business, as cashier and president of the George Washington Bank. In 1876 he returned to Westfield, where he lived until his death. When the board of water commissions was organ-



ized, in 1888, Mr. Patterson was elected president, holding this position until ill health compelled him to resign, in 1901. He thought out many ingenious details for the city's water system. He organized and was president of the Patterson Library, of Westfield, New York, which his sister, Hannah W. Patterson, gave to the town, as a memorial to her parents. During his life he held many positions of trust and responsibility, in all of which he served faithfully and well. For many years he was a vestryman of St. Peter's Church, of Westfield.

He married, September 17, 1861, at Corning, New York, Frances De Etta Todd, born in Toddsville, New York, November 4, 1838, died June 14, 1909, at Cooperstown, New York, and buried at Westfield, New York. She moved, with her parents, to Corning, in 1850, and attended Corning Academy, and later the Cooperstown (New York) Seminary and Female Collegiate Institution. After her marriage, while residing in Westfield, New York, she became president of the Union Relief Association, of Westfield, at the time of its organization, which office she held until the time of her death. She was a member and, for many years, chairman of the Chautauqua county committee of the State Charities Aid Association, and was also an officer of the Chautauqua County Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. Upon the death of her husband she became custodian of the Chautauqua land office records. When the Patterson Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, was formed, in February, 1898, Mrs. Patterson was made regent, which office she held during her lifetime. She derived her eligibility to membership in that organization from her great-grandfathers, Captain Robert Carr, Jehiel Todd and Gillis Frink, and from her great-great-grandfathers, John Frink and Stephen Wright.

She was a daughter of Zerah Todd, born November 13, 1813, at Toddsville, New York, died July 30, 1886, at Corning, New York. He was a paper manufacturer at Toddsville, New York, until 1849, when he moved to Corning, New York, and became interested in railroad-ing. He was cashier of the George Washington Bank, and a trustee of the village of Corning. He married, March 20, 1834, Martha, born April 8, 1811, at Toddsville, New York, died June 22, 1887, at Corning, New York, daughter of Benjamin Wheeler Carr, born November 24, 1773, died March 13, 1850; mar-

ried Lois, born March 27, 1779, died February 20, 1837, daughter of David and Martha Tillotson.

Benjamin Wheeler Carr, son of Robert Carr, born May 23, 1741, died October 20, 1823; married, December 31, 1765, at Plainfield, Connecticut, Prudence, born May 20, 1745, died May 8, 1827, daughter of Benjamin Wheeler, born June 29, 1704; married, January 29, 1729-30, Prudence Huet, born September 26, 1711. Benjamin Wheeler, son of Ephraim Wheeler, born April 26, 1678; married, April 20, 1698, Elizabeth Spalding. Ephraim Wheeler, son of Sergeant Thomas Wheeler, died December 24, 1704; married, July 23, 1677, Widow Sarah Starnes. Robert Carr, was son of Daniel Carr.

Zerah Todd was son of Lemuel Todd, born January 19, 1782, died June 23, 1851; married, March 1, 1804, Sarah, born August 28, 1781, died March 16, 1876, daughter of Gillis Frink, born May 12, 1753, died February 26, 1823; married Sarah, born April 22, 1756, died 1844, daughter of Stephen Wright, born July 31, 1716; married, January 16, 1745-46, Miriam, born July 11, 1719, daughter of Samuel and Mary Sikes. Stephen Wright was son of Henry Wright, born June 8, 1677, died 1768; married, March 15, 1711, Sarah Root, born July 27, 1683. Henry Wright was son of Abel Wright, born 1631, died October 29, 1725; married, December 1, 1659, Martha, daughter of Samuel and Martha Kitcherell. Gillis Frink was son of John Frink, born October 2, 1732, died January 29, 1821; married, November 22, 1750, Anna Wilcox Pendleton. John Frink was son of Benjamin Frink, born June 25, 1710; married, January 12, 1732, Tacy Burdick. Benjamin Frink was son of Lieutenant John Frink, born March 18, 1671, died March 2, 1718; married, February 15, 1693-94, Hannah Prentis, born June, 1672.

Lemuel Todd was son of Jehiel Todd, born November 3, 1761, at Wallingford, Connecticut, died January 28, 1843; married Hannah, born October 1, 1758, died July 21, 1836, daughter of Glover Street, born May 28, 1735, died November 28, 1826; married, 1755, Lydia Allen, born June 2, 1736, died February 13, 1817. Glover Street was son of Samuel Street, born May 10, 1707, died October 15, 1792; married, November 12, 1734, Keziah Munson, born January 13, 1706. Samuel Street was son of Samuel Street, born July 27, 1667, at New Haven, Connecticut; married, July 14, 1690, Hannah Glover, born October 10, 1672, died



July 8, 1715. Jehiel Todd was son of Stephen Todd, born March 23, 1735, died December 23, 1811; married Rachel Johnson, born March 6, 1740, died August 26, 1826. Stephen Todd was son of Stephen Todd, born December 4, 1702, died December 29, 1772; married, May 26, 1726, Lydia Ives, born March 7, 1709. Stephen Todd was son of Samuel Todd, born July 1, 1672, died December, 1741; married, September 16, 1698, Susanna Tuttle, born February 20, 1679, died October 10, 1737.

Samuel Todd was the son of Samuel Todd, baptized April 20, 1645, died April, 1714; married, November 26, 1668, Mary, born April 30, 1653, died September 26, 1724, daughter of William and Abigail (Pritchard) Bradley. Samuel Todd was the son of Christopher Todd, baptized January 11, 1617, died April 23, 1686, at New Haven; married Grace, daughter of Michael Middlebrook, of Hold Mills, Yorkshire, England. Christopher Todd came from Pontefract, England, to Boston, in 1637; was a signer of the fundamental agreement in New Haven, 1639. He built the first flouring mill of the colony of New Haven. He owned considerable property in what is now the center of the city. Christopher Todd was the son of William Todd, born June 29, 1593, at Pontefract, England; interred May 8, 1617, York, England; married, May 22, 1614, Katherine, baptized November 29, 1596, daughter of John Warde, married, July 22, 1593, Isabel Brewster. William Todd, son of Sir William Todd, married, September 24, 1592, Isabel Rogerson. Sir William Todd was sheriff, and, in 1487, mayor of York, England. The Todd family came about 1400 from Scotland.

George Washington (2) and Frances De Etta (Todd) Patterson had four children, all born at Corning, New York: 1. Catharine Louise, born July 23, 1862; graduated from Vassar College, with the degree of B. A.; she married, June 29, 1887, at Westfield, New York, Frank William Crandall. 2. George Washington (3), born February 1, 1864; he graduated from Yale College, in 1884, with the degree of B. A., and, in 1891, with that of M. A.; in 1887 he graduated from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, with the degree of B. S.; he studied law in the Harvard Law School in 1888-89; he was awarded the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, at Munich, in 1899; he is now a professor of electrical engineering at the University of Michigan, and has written several treatises on electrical and

mathematical subjects. He married, July 2, 1890, at Adrian, Michigan, Merib Susan, daughter of Josiah Cass and Angie (Brown) Rowley; children: i. Gertrude, born May 30, 1891; ii. George Washington (4), born January 19, 1893; iii. Robert Rowley, born July 31, 1895. 3. Hannah Whiting, born March 5, 1866, died November 12, 1903, at Rockford, Illinois; she graduated from the school of painting of Vassar College, in 1885. She married, October 22, 1891, at Westfield, New York, Harry Faris Forbes, born October 11, 1862, died November 19, 1911, of Rockford, Illinois, son of Alexander Duncan and Elizabeth Ostrum Forbes; children: i. Alexander Duncan, born April 10, 1894, died February 10, 1895; ii. Duncan Patterson, born August 26, 1896; iii. Harry Faris, born October 15, 1900, died October 22, 1900. 4. Frances Todd, born May 8, 1868; she took the degree of B. A. at Vassar College, in 1888. She married, at Westfield, New York, January 2, 1895, Lieutenant William Harry Faust, United States navy, son of Howard S. and Elizabeth (Donald) Faust, of Napoleon, New York; children: i. Howard Patterson, born December 10, 1896, in San Francisco, California; ii. Frances Patterson, January 15, 1901, in Ann Arbor, Michigan; iii. Elizabeth Patterson, July 31, 1903, in Buffalo, New York, died August 16, 1906, in Westfield, New York; iv. George Patterson, October 31, 1905, in Buffalo, New York.

(VI) Samuel, second son and CRANDALL third child of Stephen (q. v) and Christianna (Benjamin) Crandall, was born at Kinderhook, Columbia county, New York; died at Brocton, Chautauqua county, New York, 1904. He was educated in the public schools of that early day, and, on growing to manhood, became a carpenter and builder. He owned a sawmill and was a well-known builder, having erected many residences in the town. He married Deborah Hadden, born in Hunter, Greene county, New York, died in Brocton, Chautauqua county, in 1907, aged seventy years, daughter of Charles and ——— (Eggleston) Hadden. Child, Charles F.

(VII) Charles F., only child of Samuel and Deborah (Hadden) Crandall, was born in Brocton, town of Portland, Chautauqua county, New York, July 2, 1868. He was educated in the public schools and at Buffalo Business College. After completing his studies he was em-



played at the Brooks Locomotive Works, Dunkirk, New York, going from there to a clerkship in the offices of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad, remaining two years. In 1892 he established a gentlemen's clothing and furnishing store in the village of Brocton, continuing until 1894, when he founded his present lumber and hardware business. He continued alone until 1901, when he formed a partnership with W. I. and F. M. Thayer, trading under the firm name of the Brocton Hardware & Lumber Company. The business was incorporated, with Charles F. Crandall as president. In 1906 he purchased an interest in the business of his cousin, Jay E. Crandall, now the Crandall Panel Company, manufacturers of panels and baskets; Charles F. Crandall, secretary and treasurer. Since 1900 he has been associated with the Crandall Grape Shipping Company, and, for the past two years, a director of the State Bank of Brocton. He is a member of Lake Shore Lodge, No. 851, Free and Accepted Masons, also belongs to Chapter and Commandery, at Dunkirk, and Ismailia Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, at Buffalo. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, No. 937, and Brocton Lodge, No. 284, Knights of Pythias. He is an active Republican, and, from 1897 to 1904, was supervisor, representing Portland on the county board. He occupies a leading position in his community, where he is held in the highest esteem.

He married, December 22, 1893, in Brocton, Helen M. Roberts, born in Fredonia, New York, daughter of Hanson D. and Emma (Moss) Roberts, and granddaughter of Theodore S. Moss. Children, all born in Brocton: Marion, March, 1895; Frances, March, 1897; Emily, May, 1905; Helen, May, 1907.

(VI) Hosea Ballou, fifth child CRANDALL of Stephen (q. v.) and Christiana (Benjamin) Crandall, was born at Kinderhook, Columbia county, New York, in 1827; died in Brocton, Chautauqua county, New York, 1893. He came to Brocton in 1837, and, for some time, followed farming, later became a carpenter and wagon-maker. He was also a manufacturer of grape baskets, and, in the latter years of his life, engaged in grape culture. He was well known in the town and was highly regarded by his associates. He married (first) Sarah Randall, (second) Phoebe M., daughter of Andrew Kel-

sey, (third) Peace Submit Titus. His only living child is Jay E., by his second wife. He had a child, Armond H., by his first wife.

(VII) Jay E., son of Hosea Ballou and his second wife, Phoebe M. (Kelsey) Crandall, was born at the village of Brocton, Portland, Chautauqua county, New York, September 22, 1860. He was educated in the public schools, and, on the completion of his studies, entered commercial life. His most important enterprise was inaugurated April 1, 1887, when he began the manufacture of grape baskets in Brocton, the numerous vineyards of the town making a demand for large quantities of baskets. From a small beginning this has become a large and flourishing business. In 1903 L. H. Skinner was admitted a partner, and equipment was installed in the enlarged factory for the manufacture of veneer panels. In 1906 he admitted his cousin, Charles F. Crandall, and the firm reorganized as the Crandall Panel Company, with Jay E. Crandall, president. This is a most prosperous enterprise, and converts a large amount of raw material into a beautiful, finished product, for which there is an increasing demand. Mr. Crandall is also connected with the Crandall Grape Shipping Company, an important factor in handling the immense grape crop of Chautauqua county. He has served two years as president of the village corporation and twelve years as trustee. He is a member of the Masonic Order, of Brocton, and of the Knights of Pythias.

He married, March 16, 1884, in Brocton, Julia Adella Cary, born in Sheridan, daughter of Martin and Lydia (Harris) Cary. Children: Olive M., born March 11, 1885; Lizzie Aline, June 3, 1890; Archibald J., August 25, 1892; Cary Kelsey, January 13, 1895.

	Born	Died
Salley Crandall	1801	1824
James Jr.	1802	1827
Paul	1804	1849
Amos	1806	1831
Samuel	1808	1831
Eliza	1811	1831
Hannah	1813	1831



*Crandall  
family*

## HISTORICAL AND BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH OF THE CRANDALL AND CRANDELL FAMILIES

### ORIGIN

The names of Crandall and Crandell are of Welsh origin; the old form being 'Craun Dall' or 'Craun Dell', signifying 'ron dell'. The names are derived from the Welsh 'Kren', meaning 'round'; or 'cran', meaning 'wood', plus Dal or Dol, meaning 'a vale'; thus, we have the round or woody vale. Crandal, in Irish, signifies 'the woody vale'. As a given name, Crandell is of English origin, signifying 'a mason's tool for dressing stone'.

### EARLY AMERICAN SETTLERS AND PROMINENT DESCENDANTS

John Crandall, came from Wales, England, to Boston, Massachusetts, in 1643-45. He was a Baptist minister; was persecuted and fled to Rhode Island, in 1637, settling at Providence. He was the first elder at Westerly, and died at Newport, in 1676. He married (firstly) ----?, who died August 1, 1670, and (secondly) Hannah ---?, who died in 1678. His son, Joseph, of Westerly, South Kingstown and Newport, Rhode Island, was born about 1661, and died September 2, 1737. Joseph was minister of the Seventh Day Baptists; moved from Westerly to South Kingstown, in 1712, and thence in 1715, to Newport. Joseph married Deborah Burdick, and they had issue.

Peter Crandall, (August 1, 1763-October 12, 1838) was in 1797, an early settler of Berlin, New York. He moved to Amity, New York, in 1818. He was a farmer and served in the Revolutionary Army when a boy. He married, February 9, 1785, Nancy Bliven, and they had a son, Daniel, (December 23, 1786-November 14, 1836) who resided at Palmyra, New York; was a teacher, writer and author of "The Columbia Spelling Book"; married, August 31, 1807, Olivia Kendall.



Samuel Crandall, (son of John, of Providence, member of Colonial Legislature) resided at Pine Plains, Dutchess County, New York. He married Margaret Tripp, and they had a son, Peter, (1768-1854) of Westerlo, New York, who married, in 1802, Charity Crouse.

James Crandell, (son of Jeremiah, of Rhode Island, and Elizabeth (Casey) Crandell) was born in 1764, and died in 1848. He was a Quaker and married, in 1788, Rachel Keeney. Their son, Solomon, of Chatham, New York, born in 1806--died in 1879, was a Justice of the Peace and Postmaster. He married Eliza Wheeler.

Jonathan Crandall, came from New York to settle in Danby, Vermont. He was a soldier of the Revolution. He married Cynthia Waters, and raised a family of eight children, namely: Worthy; Russell; Nathan; Jonathan; Scynthia; Lyman; Alanson and Jefferson.

Constant Crandall, came to Tolland, Connecticut, probably after the year 1750.

There is no record of him or his family, other than that he had a son, born July 25, 1757. A Giles Crandall came to Tolland, Connecticut about the same time. He had a son, Samuel, who married Bethiah Eaton, August 12, 1749.

Joseph C. Crandall, was an early resident of Lyons and Rose, New York. His wife was Sarah Brown, who died in 1887. Their children were: (1) Hannah; (2) Byron, who married Katie Stack; and (3) Sarah.

Samuel Crandall, son of Edward and Polly Crandall, was born April 20, 1780, and died at Westminster, Vermont, January 11, 1853. He resided at Gilsun, New Hampshire. He married December 20, 1798, Hannah Hibbard, who died at Keene, New Hampshire, in August, 1817.

E. L. Crandall, was born in Minnesota, in the year 1876, a son of N. C. and Elizabeth Crandall. Mr. E. L. Crandall became manager of the rice mills at Carlisle, Arkansas. He married (firstly) in 1905, Rose Tanigan, and (secondly) in 1915, Frances Sanders, by whom he had two daughters: Margaret and Virginia.



John J. Crandall, of Hamilton, New York, was born in Brookfield, New York, November 30, 1830, the youngest son of Kilbourn and Ruth (Rogers) Crandall, and grandson of Mumford Crandall, of Cortland and Cazenovia, New York. John J. married March 27, 1879, Ida Licetna Starkweather, and they had issue: (1) Foy J., born April 5, 1880, married Emma Allen; (2) Dennie J., born October 11, 1881, married Thomas W. Kehoe; (3) Cleon J., born December 29, 1889, married Bessie Smith; and (4) Margaret, born May 6, 1896.

Noble Crandall, banker, of Chicago, Illinois, was born at Moncton, New Brunswick, Canada, March 28, 1880, the son of Noble and Laura (Rand) Crandall. His father was a Baptist minister with a family of six children. Noble married at Somerville, Massachusetts, June 22, 1904, Miss Charlotte Eldridge, and they had issue: Benjamin Noble, Charles Eldridge, George Burr and Laura Natalie.

Edwin A. Crandell, of Chatham Centre, New York, was born in 1835, the son of Jessie Crandell, who was born in 1800. Edwin married (firstly) in 1859, Sarah M. Davis, and (secondly) Imogene Gifford. His son, James A. Crandell, born in 1863, married Harriet Carpenter.

Charles Henry Crandall, (June 19, 1858-March 23, 1923) poet, was the son of Henry Sargent Crandall and Mary Carmichael Mills Crandall. He was born in Greenwich, New York. He lived for seventeen years on the farm where he was born, engaged in the mercantile business for five years, and was for five years on the staff of the New York Tribune. In 1893, he retired to a farm in Stamford, Connecticut, on which he spent the remainder of his life. In 1890, he edited an anthology of American sonnets, and from 1883 to 1918, he published seven volumes of his own poetry. He was married, in 1884, to Kate Virginia Ferguson, a New York Newspaper woman. After her death, he married, in 1891, Mary Vere Davenport.



Prudence Crandall, (September 3, 1803-January 28, 1889) educator and reformer, was born at Hopkinton, Rhode Island, of Quaker descent. She was a daughter of Pardon and Esther Crandall. She established the first school for colored girls in the state of Connecticut. She married Rev. Calvin Philleo, a clergyman.

Lucien Stephen Crandall, inventor, was born in Broome County, New York, May 4, 1844. His father was a Methodist minister of Puritan stock, and on his maternal side he was a descendant from General Warren, whose glorious acts have never faded from Bunker Hill. At twelve years of age, he became a worker at the printer's trade. After the Civil War, he began a career of journalism. In 1874, he conceived the idea of type-setting and distributing machine. In 1875, he obtained a patent for a typewriter for the use of the blind. In 1879, he organized the Crandall Typewriting Company. One of Lucien's patents is fundamental in the Remington typewriters.

Charles Lee Crandall, educator, was born at Bridgewater, Oneida County, New York, July 20, 1850. He lived on a farm with his parents until he was eighteen years of age, receiving the advantages of a district school education, and about two years of academic instruction. His family removed to Ithaca, New York, in 1868, where he entered Cornell University. He was graduated from the Civil Engineering Department, in 1872, and served in an architect's office. In 1874, he was appointed instructor in Civil Engineering at Cornell; assistant professor, in 1875; and associate professor, in June, 1891. He acted as aide to the United States Coast Survey, in 1878. He wrote many books of the subject of engineering.



Henry Albert Crandell, lawyer and soldier, was born in 1842, in Chautauqua County, New York, a son of Abraham Crandell, a farmer and native of that county, and Electa (Horton) Crandell, who was born in Brattleboro, Vermont, in 1811, a daughter of Nehemiah and Lucy Horton. The family was of pioneer colonial origin on both sides. Henry was educated in Ohio, and there studied law and was, subsequently, admitted to the Ohio bar. He participated in the Civil War, and when peace was declared, went to Missouri, where he continued the practice of his profession. He later moved to Harrison, Arkansas. In 1880, he was elected Mayor of Harrison, and in 1887, was elected to the State Senate. Henry married, at Rally Hill, Arkansas, in 1877, Frances Ann Wynn, of Tennessee. Children: Bonnie, Frances Pearl, Henry Alton and Lucy Payne.

E. A. Crandall, was born in Utica, New York, in 1818. He was educated in the district schools, and as he grew to manhood, his mind inclined toward the profession of civil engineering. In 1836, he began his career, engaging in railroading. He constructed railroads throughout Georgia and Alabama. In 1878, he became district land agent for the Alabama Great Southern Railway.

Frank William Crandall, was born April 30, 1861, in Westfield, New York. His parents were William Benjamin and Sylvia S. (Bandall) Crandall. He received his education in Westfield, graduating from Westfield Academy, in 1880. He chose banking as his life work. He married June 29, 1887, Catherine Louise Patterson, born in 1862. Children: Francis William, born January 13, 1889, and George Patterson, born June 21, 1891.



Fred W. Crandall, was a son of George W. and Emily Mary (Chaffee) Crandall. Fred was educated at Cambrian College and at the Theological College, at Irvington, California. He taught school in Nebraska and Missouri from 1878 until 1883. About 1884, he came back to California, and settled near Saratoga, where he was engaged in the fruit business. He married Josephine West, a native of Nebraska. Children: Thomas Eugene and Fred Harold.

Bruce Verne Crandall, editor and author, was born in Hillsdale, Michigan, October 16, 1873, a son of Latham Augustus and Mary (Nichols) Crandall. He married Minnie Smith, of Chicago, December 9, 1898. Children: Bruce Nichols; Willard Smith; Mary; and Margaret.

Lee Saunders Crandall, ornithologist, was born at Sherburne, New York, January 26, 1887, a son of Charles Spencer and Ada (Harwood) Crandall. He married Celia Mary Dowd, of Utica, January 15, 1910. Issue: Sylvia.

Lou Revere Crandall, was born in Sylvania, Ohio, October 31, 1893, a son of John Alonzo and Mattie Sarah (Carpenter) Crandall. He married Mary Marguerite Hill, June 7, 1919. Children: John Lou; and Mary Lou.

Norris Ingersoll Crandall, was born at Hornell, New York, August 17, 1891, a son of Leonard Beriah and Jennie Evelyn (Lynn) Crandall.

Shannon Crandall, merchant, was born in Colusa, California, March 25, 1871, a son of Giles Griswold and Lucretia Little (Fifield) Crandall. He married Katherine Whitney, of San Francisco, California, October, 1901. Children: Shannon and Frances Whitney.



Burke's "General Armory" and "Encyclopedia of Heraldry" does not list any Armorial Coat for the Crandall or Crandell families. Since Crandall and Crandell are modifications of the Welsh name, Cran, it is believed that those bearing the surnames of Crandall and Crandell can lay claim to the Cran family Coat of Arms. Riestap, in his "Armorial General", describes the Cran family Coat of Arms as follows:

ARMORIAL COAT:

Per fess; in top half or a crane argent; in bottom half argent the letter X sable.

EXPLANATION AND DESCRIPTION OF THE SYMBOLS AND COLORINGS OF THE ABOVE ARMORIAL COAT:

OR yellow or gold, denotes generosity and elevation of mind.

ARGENT white or silver, signifies peace and sincerity.

SABLE or black, denotes constancy and sometimes, but most rarely, grief.

THE CRANE or STORK is the emblem of Filial duty, and is also the emblem of a grateful man.

THE FAMILY CREST:

(Belonging to the above Armorial Coat)

A crane issuant.

We can find no motto belonging to the above Armorial Coat.



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