

for £7, 100 acres at Cape Porpus now in possession of Mr. Francis Johnson of Boston," 21 Oct. 1570. (*Ibid.* 2: 127.) "John Sanders, Sr., witnessed a deed from John Bush and Grace, his wife, both of Cape Porpus to Thomas Mussell" on 24 Nov. 1669. (*Ibid.* 3: 131.)

"John Sanders Senior of Cape Porpus, planter, being very sick and weak in body, made his will 13 June 1670, and it was proved 24 June, 1670. To his wife Ann Sanders he gave the use of his house and lands for life, and at her decease the same to his son Thomas Sanders, and at his decease to his son John Sanders. To his son John Sanders 1,000 acres eight or nine miles above Cape Porpus River Falls. The rest of his estate to all of his children, unmarried. Widow Sanders returned the inventory" 23 Aug. 1670. (Maine Willis, 18, 19.)

Children:

Thomas,<sup>2</sup> eldest son.

John, m. Mary —.

Grace, m. before 1660, John Bush of Cape Porpoise.

SHAW

1. ABRAHAM SHAW came from the village of Northwram, in the parish of Halifax, Eng., to Watertown as early as 1636. His house was burned in Oct. 1636, and he removed to Dedham. He was made a freeman, 9 Mar. 1636-37. Thomas Lechford wrote in his Note-Book, page 329, that Abraham Shawe, sometime of Halifax, in the County of Yorke, clothier, and late of Dedham in New England, planter, made his will about Nov. 1638, mentioning his eldest son Joseph Shaw, his son-in-law Nicholas Byram, his attorney, Mr. Best of Halifax, his daughters Martha Shaw and Mary, his son John and all his children. (Register, 2: 180.)

He married in Halifax, 24 June, 1616, Bridget Best. (*Ibid.* 48: 346.)

Children, baptized in Halifax, Eng:

2. Joseph,<sup>2</sup> bp. 14 Mar. 1618.

Grace, bp. 15 Aug. 1621; m. William Richards of Weymouth.

Martha, bp. 1 Dec. 1623; d. 31 Mar. 1625.

Maria (Mary), bp. 18 June, 1626; admitted to the Church of

Charlestown, 1 July, 1645; m. John Bicknell of Weymouth. ←

John, bp. 16 Feb. 1628; d. 12 Apr. 1629.

\* 3. John, bp. 23 May, 1630.

Martha, bp. 6 Jan. 1632; m. Thomas Vinson of Weymouth.

Susannah, m. before Oct. 1638, Nicholas Byram of Weymouth.

2. JOSEPH<sup>2</sup> SHAW (Abraham<sup>1</sup>) was baptized at Halifax, Eng., 14 Mar. 1618; died at Weymouth between 12 Dec. 1653, and 3 Feb. 1653-54. He was made a freeman of the Massachusetts Bay Colony, 22 May, 1639. He married Mary —, who survived him. He made his will 12 Dec. 1653, and it was proved 3 Feb. 1653-54. In it he mentions his wife Mary, his eldest son Joseph, his children, and his

\* M. ALICE PHILLIPS (NICHOLAS 1)

00005

brother Nicholas Byram. Overseers, Ephraim Hunt and Joseph Bicknell, both of Weymouth. (Register, 3: 303.)

Children, born at Weymouth:

4. Joseph,<sup>2</sup> b. 14 July, 1643; called eldest son, 12 Dec. 1653.  
John, b. near 1645.

Fearnot, settled in Boston; mortgaged his portion of his father's estate on eastern neck, "neare Gimpur pointe," 29 July, 1672; released 12 Nov. 1674. (Suffolk Deeds, 6: 326.) His wife Bethia was a daughter of Jacob Leager of Boston, tailor, deceased before 10 Mar. 1696-97. He, with the consent of Bethia, his wife, sells to John Shaw, "their Uncle" land on the eastern neck in Weymouth, 11 Dec. 1672. (Suffolk Deeds, 8: 36.)

3. JOHN<sup>2</sup> SHAW (Abraham<sup>1</sup>) was baptized at Halifax, Eng. 23 May, 1630; died at Weymouth, 16 Sept. 1704.

Administration on the estate of John Shaw, late of Weymouth, husbandman, was granted to his widow Alice and his eldest son John Shaw, 17 Oct. 1704. (Suffolk Probate, 15: 350.) Division of his estate mentions his eldest son John, his second son Nicholas, his third son Joseph, his fourth son Benjamin, his youngest son Ebenezer and his daughters, Mary King, widow, her four sons and daughter — King, Joseph Poole and his wife Elizabeth, Gideon Tirrell and his wife Hannah, Richard Davenport and his wife Abigail, and John Androse and his wife Alice, 11 Mar. 1705-06. (*Ibid.* n. s., 6: 181.) He married, near 1650, Alice Phillips, the mother of all of his children, who survived her husband. She was daughter of Nicholas Phillips of Weymouth.

Children, born at Weymouth:

5. John,<sup>2</sup> b. near 1683; alive 11 Mar. 1705-06.  
Elizabeth, b. 26 Feb. 1655-56; m. Joseph Poole of Weymouth.  
Abraham, b. 10 Oct. 1657; d. before 11 Mar. 1705-06.  
Mary, b. 24 Mar. 1652-60. m. ~~probably~~ Ezekiah King.

- \* Joseph, b. 15 Apr. 1664. m. JUDITH WHITMARSH  
Alice, b. 6 July, 1666; m. John Androse.  
Hannah, b. 7 Apr. 1668; m. Gideon Tirrell.  
Benjamin, b. 16 June, 1670. m. HANNAH BICKNELL  
Abigail, b. 15 July, 1672; m. Richard Davenport.  
Ebenezer, b. 24 Apr. 1674.

4. JOSEPH<sup>2</sup> SHAW (Joseph<sup>1</sup> Abraham<sup>1</sup>) was born at Weymouth, 14 July, 1643; died at Weymouth, 16 Sept. 1704 (?) He married Sarah —, who died at Weymouth, 18 July, 1716. Joseph Shaw married at Charlestown, 16 Dec. 1664, Sarah Potterton. (Potterton).

Children, born at Weymouth:

- Joseph,<sup>4</sup> b. 21 Oct. 1666.  
John, b. 9 Nov. 1668.

N.E.H.G. ?  
\* PER V. 40 PG. 503 UNDER JOHN STEWART SHAW SHOWING HIS ANCESTORS

✓  
See Family Sheet-back Wm. Reed B. 1639

Wife of Androse  
Wife of King  
through this line

RECORDS OF SHAW FAMILY

FLETCHER'S CHAPEL, FARMERSBURG, INDIANA

CONTRIBUTED BY MRS. LEO A. VIANO  
 (FLORENCE ELIZABETH SHAW)  
 RANCHO SAN ANTONIO CHAPTER, ALAMEDA, CALIFORNIA  
 632 28th St. Richmond, Calif. 94804

SHAW-(On right side of column, facing east-the south side of the column): Temple Shaw-Died November 22, 1895 aged 80 Y, 1M, 9 D-and then something illegible.  
 (On the north side of the column: Elizabeth B. Moore, wife of Temple Shaw-died September 15, 1892, aged 69Y, 7M, 29D. The small stones on either side say "Father" and "Mother".

HELEN-Daughter of Temple Shaw and Elizabeth Shaw-wife of Samuel McMullin-1864-1940

BENJAMINE-L. DOWELL-1844-1928 -Martha R. Dowell-1846-1933

CLARA E. SHAW-1861-1926

H.A. PRATT-1840-1914- Co. B, 36th Iowa Reg.-Eliza, his wife-1841-1887. A small stone on the left says Eliza F.

REBECCA SIMPSON -died June 4, 1869-aged 73Y, 8(?-not completely legible)M, 15D

SHAW-Clara B.-1867-1956-Theodore S.-1859-1923

U  
 FAIRMONT CEMETERY, DENVER, COLORADO

ALEXANDER F SHAW 11 REGT IND INF Jan 7, 1844-Jan 1, 1915

MARTHA SHAW-1849-1901

SHAW-Robert Temple -1871-1941

SHAW -Lotta Blood Shaw -1867-1919

SUNSET CEMETERY, BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA

CHARLES E. SHAW -June 24, 1869-September 9, 1949

EMMA GRAHAM SHAW- October 27, 1874-February 16, 1968

-----  
 CHILDREN OF TEMPLE AND ELIZABETH SHAW  
 Helen-Martha-Clara E.-Eliza-Theodore S.-Alexander

Alexander's children-Robert Temple Shaw,  
 Charles Elbert Shaw  
 Temple's mother- Rebecca Norman-m. (1) Jesse Shaw  
 (2) -----Simpson

(This is the family of the compiler  
 Florence Shaw Viano)



## Governor Richard Bennett of Va. and Md.

Records differ as to the date Richard Bennett came to Virginia. The Maryland Historical Magazine states that he came to Virginia about 1620 to take charge of the plantation of his uncle Edward Bennett, member of the family of Henry Bennett (Lord Arlington), and a London merchant of the London Company who had received a tract of land in Warasquyak County, known as the Edward Bennett Plantation where in March, 1622 there was an Indian uprising in which more than 50 persons were killed.

Richard Bennett married Mary Anne Utie of Ultimara, York Co., Virginia. In 1629 he was a burgess from his district, and in 1632 was one of the Justices of the County Court. In 1639 he was a Councillor. He was a Puritan in sympathy and a member of the Puritan settlement in Virginia. He joined in a petition which was taken by his brother Phillip to Boston, asking for three able ministers to occupy parishes in his neighborhood. When Sir Wm. Berkeley as governor in 1649 drove the Puritans out of Nansemond and Elizabeth ~~County~~ <sup>City</sup> Counties, Va., Richard Bennett went with them to Maryland where he became Governor for a short time.

In 1651 he was living on Bennett's Creek in Nansemond Co., Virginia, and that year he was named by Parliament as one of the Commissioners for the reduction of Virginia, and was elected by the General Assembly as Governor of the Colony, holding office from April, 1652 to Mar. 30, 1655, when he was sent to England as agent. On Nov. 30, 1657 he signed the agreement with Lord Baltimore by which the latter's claim to Maryland was finally recognized.

After the restoration of Charles II, Richard Bennett held the office of councillor and Major General of the Militia. In 1667 he was sent as a commissioner to Maryland for a cessation in the cultivation of tobacco, the price having fallen very low. He was a member of the Council of Virginia as late as 1675.

His daughter Anne m. (1) Theoderick Bland, and (2) Colonel St. Leger Codd of Virginia and Maryland. The latter, <sup>and wife Anne</sup> through his grand daughter, Mary Anne St. Leger Codd, who married James Stout (gr. gr. grandson of Richard Stout) became the ancestor of St. Leger Stout, Revolutionary ancestor of Stella Baird.

Governor Richard Bennett made his will in Nansemond Co., Va. 15 Mar. 1674 and a copy was probated in England. His will was proved Aug. 3, 1676. From this will it would appear that considering his commission for cessation in the cultivation of tobacco as the price had fallen so low, he evidently possessed at the time of his death thousands of pounds of tobacco, for in addition to his bequests to the poor, to churches and to charities, as well as 50 pounds sterling to his daughter, Anne Codd, besides her debts "which she now oweth me", most of the others mentioned in his will were each to receive from 1000 to 12,000 or more pounds of tobacco. Near the end the will states: "I give to all my servants that now liveth with me, both Christian and negroes, to each of them 1000 pounds of tobacco, only two hirelings excepted" - giving the name of each. "The rest of my personal estate and all lands, stock of whatever nature and kind to go to my grand child Richard Bennett."

Among Governor Bennett's many distinguished descendants in Virginia were John Randolph of Roanoke, and Lighthorse Harry Lee.

Mrs. Joseph H. La Pera  
2522 Otis Drive  
Alameda, California 94501  
Rancho San Antonio Chapter

## Sacramento Scene

By Henry G. MacArthur

Thursday, December 17, 1970, Page 22 ALAMEDA TIMES-STAR

When the state controller left for Arkansas never to be seen again in California, he didn't even leave a picture behind.

That was the state controller who served in the job from 1849 to 1852, J.S. Houston.

This has bothered historians and subsequent controller, because all that was known of Houston is a statement in a display of former controllers in the place left blank because Houston left no picture.

The statement says: "Houston entered and departed from the pages of California history as the first State Controller, without a trace of personal information. Nothing is known about him."

This has all been changed now, and Houston's picture will take its place with the others.

It happened that Joseph R. Brown, Jr., of Los Angeles, an executive vice president of the Bixby Ranch Co., noticed the display and the empty space when he was in Sacramento to confer on business with Controller Houston I. Flournoy last February.

Brown recalled that a member of his family was "supposed to have served" as controller in California's first state government. Flournoy encouraged him to dig into the matter.

"Research by my oldest son, Christopher, into the family Bible now resting in Arkansas," Brown wrote Flournoy recently, "provides the attached brief biography of John Houston, who in fact was the first incumbent."

The enclosed biographical sketch said: "John Stroud Houston, born Feb. 9, 1817, was one of John Houston and Mary Stroud's seven children. In 1837 the family moved from Ohio to Arkansas near Clarksville. John S. Houston married Mary Howell in 1841, and from that union there were ten children, with only four surviving.

"Houston entered the army and served in the Mexican War with Arkansas' Governor Yell. After the war, he went

to California and became the state's first controller. Serving in that position from 1849 until 1852 he returned to Arkansas to bring his family back with him, but without success. John S. Houston remained in Arkansas the rest of his days, becoming a prominent citizen of Clarksville until his death on March 9, 1885."

## SHAW BURIAL GROUND RESTORATION UPDATE

By Chris Watson

On July 2, 2007, Paul Springer of Philipsburg Marble and Granite installed the new tombstones for Archibald Shaw, Mary Shaw and Jane Irwin. The new stones are nearly exact copies of the original stones. The main difference is the original stones were marble, and the replica stones are granite which will be much more durable. Also, the originals were only about two inches thick, and the new stones are four inches thick which will make them less likely to break as the originals did.

Very little of Archibald Shaw's stone was found. Fortunately, what was found was the top of his stone which showed his name in raised letters. Since his inscription was gone, the inscription was made similar to his wife Mary's. The lengthy original inscriptions added significantly to the cost of the stones. However, we felt the replica stones were important to maintain the integrity of the burial ground, especially since so much of it had been destroyed. Future generations will be able to see the types of tombstones that were placed by their loved ones in the mid 19<sup>th</sup> century.



Old and new stones for Mary Shaw



Old and new stones for Archibald Shaw



## PRESIDENT'S REPORT

We had another successful season at the historical society this summer. Attendance was up at the museum, both with visitors touring the property and researchers using our library and reference materials.

We are in the process of having newspapers preserved by microfilming. Titles include *The Daily Spirit* (daily) and *Public Spirit* (Weekly) covering the years 1889 through 1919 and containing 23,253 pages. This is made possible with support of the Pennsylvania Newspaper Project.

We completed the indexing of *The Raftsmen's Journal* newspaper. This was a weekly paper published in Clearfield. The index covers 1854 through 1934. One index is of deaths and contains 11,659 names. The second index is of county happenings including fires, store openings and closings, bridges built, roads opened, railroads built and war news as some examples. The index includes 1,940 titles.

This winter while the museum is closed, November through April, we will still try to accommodate as many out of town visitors as possible and conduct research by mail. We will also continue to welcome tours year round to groups of any size at both properties, the museum building and Bloody Knox cabin. Work days will be scheduled to rearrange displays and do general maintenance.

Ongoing projects include completing the restoration of Shaw Burial Ground (see article), repairs to the carriage house and microfilming additional newspapers (Clearfield and Osceola Mills). Also, a new sign for the museum building will be installed this fall.

We are grateful for the support of our membership, by the giving of their time as well as financial contributions. We continue our preservation of county history through your continued generosity.

Cathie Hughes

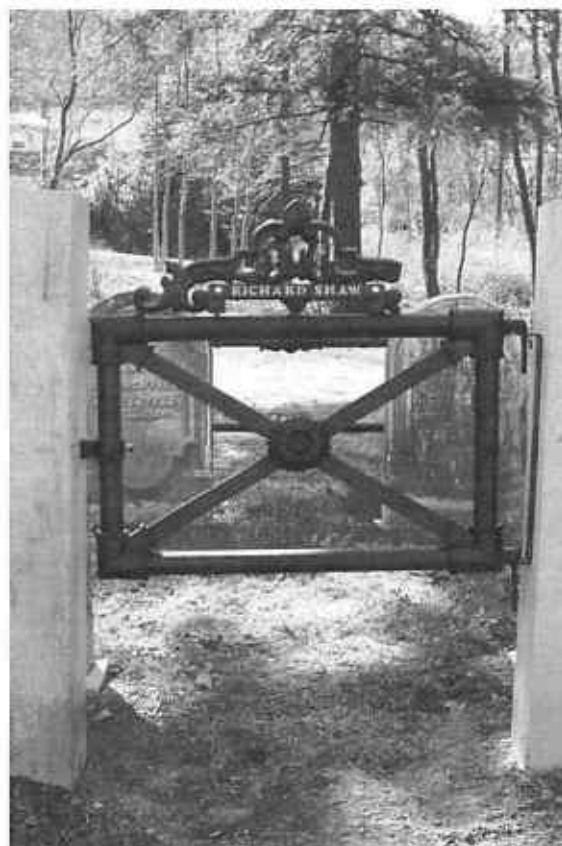


Clearfield County Historical Society Dinner, October 18, 2007

## Shaw Graveyard Burials

**Mariah Jane Bailey (died 1863)**  
**Sarah Sevilla Bailey (died 1852)**  
**William A. Chapman Bailey (died 1853)**  
**Margaret E. Bailey (died 1858)**  
**James A. Daniel (died 1860)**  
**John C. Daniel (died 1852)**  
**Sarah Margaret Evans Fenton (died 1860)**  
**Jane Irwin (died 1841)**  
**Henry Irwin (died 1828)**  
**Sarah E. Larlnode (died 1854)**  
**Cokey A. McClain (died 1873)**  
**Miles Varney Merwin (died 1850)**  
**Abraham Ogden (died 1888)**  
**Ester Ogden (died 1873)**  
**Infant son of A. & E. Ogden**  
**Lavinia Ogden (died 1836)**  
**Mary Ogden (died 1820)**  
**Sarah Ogden (died 1857)**  
**Archibald Shaw (died 1843)**  
**Carrie M. Shaw (died 1865)**  
**Elizabeth Irwin Shaw (died 1835)**  
**Hannah A. Shaw (died 1861)**  
**Infant sons of R. & H.A. Shaw**  
**Mary Shaw (died 1853)**  
**Mary Shaw (died 1875)**  
**Moses Shaw (died 1824)**  
**Aaron Shaw (died 1824)**  
**Richard Shaw (died 1884)**  
**Richard Shaw (died 1876)**  
**Robert C. Shaw (died 1861)**  
**Emily M. Thompson (died 1857)**  
**Infant son of R. & M.E. Thompson (died 1850)**

Fourteen small stones with only names and dates were placed in front of existing stones that were hard to read. These graves were marked with tombstones, but over time the writing will only get more difficult to read. Aaron and Moses Shaw, shown here, is an example. Theirs is the earliest marked grave.







**BEFORE**

**DURING**

(Dan McDonald  
Scott Kolesar  
Gary Gilmore)



**AFTER**