

1803

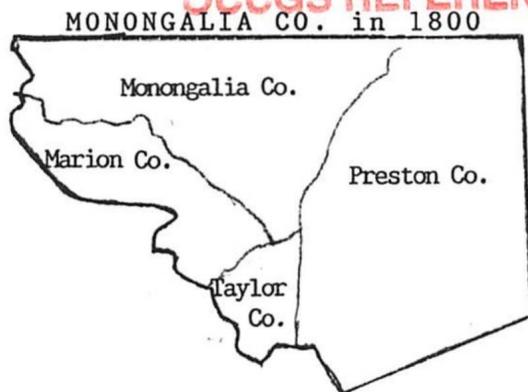
VOTERS LIST

MONONGALIA COUNTY

(WEST) VIRGINIA

*W. Virginia  
Monongalia  
1-13*

**OCCGS REFERENCE ONLY**



Published

by

MARION COUNTY GENEALOGICAL

CLUB, INC.

FAIRMONT, WEST VIRGINIA

1986

ORANGE COUNTY CALIFORNIA  
GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY



PREFACE

THIS COPY OF THE 1803 MONONGALIA COUNTY FREEHOLDERS VOTING LIST WAS  
TRANSCRIBED FROM LDS CHURCH MICROFILM.

ORIGINAL SPELLING WAS USED AS FAR AS COULD BE DETERMINED, SO THE RE-  
SEARCHER MUST TRY ALL VARIATIONS OF HIS/HER SURNAME.

\*\*\*\*\* Yr\*\*\*\*\*! \*\*\*\*\*

GEORGE JACKSON  
for the use of the Commonwealth,  
as well as for himself,  
AGAINST  
RUSSEL POTTER SHERIFF OF MONONGALIA CO.

THIS DAY CAME THE PARTIES BY THEIR ATTORNEY'S AND THERE UPON CAME  
ALSO A JURY, TO-WIT:

JOSEPH MCDUGAL, JOHN TAYLOR, JOHN THOMPSON, EDWARD HARBERT, PURNEL  
HOUSTIN, JOHN McCORMICK, HENRY BATTON, THOMAS WELLS, WILLIAM MARTIN, GEORGE  
HICKMAN, MATHIAS HITE, AND ARTHUR WILSON . WHO BEING ELECTED TRUE AND SWORN  
THE TRUTH TO SPEAK UPON THE ISSUE, JOINED UPON THEIR OATHS, DO SAY THAT THE  
DEFENDANT WAS SHERIFF OF MONONGALIA COUNTY, DULY COMMISSIONED AND SWORN,  
AND AS SUCH, HELD AN ELECTION AT THE COURTHOUSE OF THE SAID COUNTY, UPON  
THE SECOND MONDAY IN APRIL 1803, FOR THE PURPOSE OF ELECTING BY THE FREE-  
HOLDERS OF SAID COUNTY, TWO PERSONS TO REPRESENT THE SAID COUNTY IN THE  
GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF VIRGINIA. THEY FIND THAT AT THE SAID ELECTION, THE  
SAID SHERIFF, TOOK THE POLL UPON THE POLL BOOK, OF THE SAID ELECTION IN  
THE WORDS AND FIGURES FOLLOWING TO-WIT:

CANDIDATES FOR CONGRESS:

THOMAS WILSON	COLUMN 1
JOHN G. JACKSON	COLUMN 2
----- CALDWELL	COLUMN 3

CANDIDATES FOR THE ASSEMBLY:

DUDLEY EVANS	COLUMN 4
WILLIAM G. PAYNE	COLUMN 5
JAMES SCOTT	COLUMN 6
BARTHOLOMEW CLARK	COLUMN 7

Compiled & Edited by:

Kathleen Mahaffey Bogdan  
Eleanor Youst Carter  
Oct 1986

	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3	Col 4	Col 5	Col 6	Col 7
ABERCROMBY, ROBERT	X			X		X	
ABLE, MARTIN	X			X		X	
AMOS, HENRY	X			X			
ARE, JOHN	X			X	X		
ARNETT, ANDREW	X			X		X	
ARNETT, JAMES		X		X		X	
ARNETT, JAMES		X			X	X	
ASHBROOK, JOHN	X			X		X	
ASHFORD, WM.	X			X	X		
ASKINS, REUBEN	X			X	X		
BAINBRIDGE, WM	X			X	X		
BAKER, GEORGE	X			X	X		
BAKER, JOHN	X			X	X		
BALDWIN, JNO	X			X		X	
BALLAH, AUGUSTUS	X			X		X	
BALTZAL, DANIEL		X		X		X	
BARKER, AARON		X		X		X	
BARKER, DAVID		X		X		X	
BARKER, JAMES		X		X		X	
BARKER, JOHN		X			X	X	
BARKER, JOSEPH		X		X		X	
BARKER, ZACHARIAH		X			X	X	
BARKSHIRE, RALPH	X			X		X	
BARNES, GEORGE		X		X		X	
BARNES, JAMES	X			X	X		
BARNES, THOMAS	X			X	X		
BARNES, UZ	X				X	X	
BARRACKMAN, HENRY	X			X		X	
BARRETT, WM.	X			X	X		
BATTON, HENRY	X			X	X		
BATTON, HENRY	X			X	X		
BAUSLOG, JOHN (Sworn)	X						
BAYLES, DAVID	X			X	X		
BAYLES, JESSE	X			X		X	
BAYLES, WM.	X			X	X		
BENNET, CALEB	X				X	X	
BENNET, CHARLES	X			X	X		
BENNET, JOHN	X			X	X		
BIA, THOMEY	X			X	X		
BIGGS, ALEXANDER		X			X	X	
BIGGS, WM	X			X		X	
BILLINGSLY, SILAS	X			X		X	
BINGAMON, ALLEXANDER		X			X	X	
BISHOP, HENRY		X			X	X	
BOLSLEY, JACOB	X			X	X		
BONNER, JOHN	X			X	X		
BONNER, REUBEN	X			X	X		
BOWLBY, JAMES	X			X		X	
BOYCE, DANIEL	X			X	X		
BRANDON, ALEXANDER	X			X	X		
BRANDON, JONATHAN	X			X	X		
BRANDON, RICHARD	X			X	X		
BRANE, BENJAMIN	X			X	X		
BRAND, JAMES	X			X	X		
BRAND, JOHN	X			X		X	

Col 1 Col 2 Col 3 Col 4 Col 5 Col 6 Col 7

BRATTON, ELISHA	X			X	X		
BROOMAGE, JOHN			X			X	X
BROWN, JOHN	X			X	X		
BUCHANNAN, WM	X			X	X		
BURCHENAL, THOMAS	X			X	X		
BURROUGHS, BOAZ	X			X	X		
BUSSY, JESSE		X			X	X	
CAIN, JAMES	X			X		X	
CAIN, RICHARD	X			X		X	
CALE, CHRISTIAN	X			X	X		
CAMP, ADAM	X			X		X	
CARPENTER, JOHN	X			X	X		
CARROLL, ANTHONY	X			X	X		
CARROL, JAMES	X			X	X		
CASS EDY, JOHN	X			X	X		
CHENY, EZEKIEL			X	X	X		
CHIPPS, THOMAS	X				X		X
CHIPPS, WM.	X			X		X	
CHISLER, JOHN	X				X	X	
CLARK, BARTH	X				X	X	
CLARK, JAMES	X			X	X		
CLARK, SAMUEL	X			X	X		
CLAYTON, ELISHA	X			X	X		
CLELAND, JAMES	X			X		X	
CLELLAND, LARKEN (Sworn)	X						
CLELLAND, JAMES (Sworn)	X						
CLISTER, JACOB	X			X	X		
CLOUSE, MICHAEL	X			X	X		
COLLINS, FRANCIS	X			X		X	
COLLINS, JAMES	X			X		X	
COLLINS, JAMES	X			X	X		
CONNER, JAMES	X			X		X	
CONNER, ROBERT	X			X	X		
CORE, CHRISTOPHER	X			X		X	
CORE, MICHAEL	X			X		X	
COROTHERS, JOHN	X			X	X		
COURTNEY, JOHN	X			X		X	
COURTNEY, MICHAEL	X			X		X	
COX, ABRAHAM	X			X	X		
COX, DANIEL		X		X			X
CREESEMORE, GEORGE	X			X	X		
CRISS, HENRY	X			X	X		
CRISS, LENORD	X			X	X		
CROOL, DAVID	X			X	X		
CUNNINGHAM, GEORGE	X			X		X	
CURRIE, JAMES	X			X	X		

ORANGE COUNTY CALIFON"  
GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY

DARBY, SAMUEL	X		X				
DAVIS, ABEL	X				XX		X
DAVIS, DANIEL	X		X		XXX		
DAVIS, JOHN	X		X				X
DAVIS, JOHN	X		X				X
DAVIS, ROBERT	X		X				X
DAVIS, WM	X						X
DAWEESE, JAMES	X						X
DAWESE, LEWIS	X		X				
DAWESE, THOMAS	X						X
DENT, JOHN	X		X				
DERING, HENRY	X		X				
DEWESE, SAMUEL	X		X				
DONALDSON, JAMES	X		X		XXXX		
DOOLITTLE, MOSES JR	X		X		XXXXXXXX		X
DOOLITTLE, THOMAS	X		X		XXXXXXXX		
DORSEY, GEORGE	X		X		XXXXX		X
DOUGLESS, NEIL	X				X		X
DUDLEY, ASA	X		X				X
DUN, JAMES	X		X				X
DUN, JAMES	X		X				
DUNLAP, JOSEPH	X						X
DUNAN, DAVID		X			XXXX		X
DUNWOODY, JAMES	X		X		XXXX		
DUVALL, MOREES?	X		X				X
ERWIN, CHRISTOPHER	X		X				
EVANS, DUDLEY s/o John Evans Sr	X						X
EVANS, EDWARD		X		X			X
EVANS, EDWARD	X				XXX		X
EVANS, JARET	X				XXX		X
EVANS, JOHN SR.	X		X				
EVANS, NIMROD	X		X				X
EVANS, THOMAS	X		X				X
EVERLY, JESSE		X		X			X
EVERLY, SAMUEL	X		X				X
EVERLY, WM.	X		X				X
FAUCET, ROBERT	X		X				
FAULK, JACOB	X		X				X
FECKLE, GABRAL	X		X				
FERREL, ROBERT	X		X				
FIELDS, BENJ	X		X				
FINGLE, WM	X		X				X
FLEMING, ALEXANDER		X					X
FLEMING, BENONI		X					X
FLEMING, BOOZ		X		X		XXXXX	
FLEMING, THOMAS		X		X		XXXXX	X
FLOID, MICHAEL	X					XXXXX	X
FORMAN, JOHN	X		X			XXXXX	
FORMAN, RICHARD	X		X			XXXXX	
FORTNEY, DANIEL	X		X			XXXXX	
FOWLER, JOHN	X		X				

	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3	Col 4	Col 5	Col 6	Col 7
FULLERTON, ROBERT	X			X	X		
FURBEE, WAITMAN	X				X		X
FURBEY, CALEB		X		X		X	
FURBEY, MATHIAS (Sworn)		X			X	X	
GALLAWAY, DAVID	X			X	X		
GANDY, JACOB	X						
GARLAND, JOHN		X		X		X	
GEORGE, MATHEW	X			X		X	
GEORGE, WM	X			X		X	
GIBLER, FREDERICK	X			X		X	
GIBSON, THOMAS	X			X	X		
GOUGH, JAMES	X			X	X		
GOUGH, JOHN	X			X	X		
GRAY, WM	X			X	X		
GREENWOOD, GEORGE	X			X		X	
GREGG, THOMAS	X			X		X	
GREYHAM, DAVID	X			X	X		
GRIM, PETER	X			X	X		
GRUB, SAMUEL	X			X	X		
GURTIN, ABEL	X			X		X	
GUSEMAN, ABRAHAM	X			X	X		
GUSEMAN, GODFREY	X			X	X		
GUSTIN, ABEL			X			X	X
GUSTIN, ASHBEL	X			X		X	
GUTRIDGE, JAMES	X			X	X		
GUYER, FREDERICK	X			X		X	
HALL, ASA	X			X	X		
HALL, ALLEN	X			X		X	
HALL, JORDAN	X				X	X	
HALL, MATHEW	X			X		X	
HALL, WM.	X			X	X		
HAMILTON, HENRY	X			X		X	
HAMILTON, JAMES	X			X	X		
HAMILTON, THOMAS	X			X		X	
HAMPTON, JACOB	X			X	X		
HANY, BARNEY	X			X	X		
HARRIS, JONA	X			X	X		
HARRISON, JOSEPH	X			X		X	
HARRISON, RICHARD		X		X		X	
HARSH?, FREDERICK		X			X	X	
HARTLEY, JOSEPH	X			X	X		
HARTLY, JOSEPH	X			X	X		
HAUT, PETER	X			X		X	
HAWTHORN , ALEXANDER	X			X	X		
HAWTHORN, ROBERT	X			X	X		
HAYMOND, CALDER	X			X	X		
HAYMOND, EDWARD	X			X		X	
HAYMOND, WM.	X			X	X		
HAZLE, HENRY	X			X	X		
HAZLET, TAZWELL	X			X	X		



	Col -1	Col 2	Col 3	Col 4	Col 5	Col 6	Col 7
JOSEPH, SAMUEL	X			X			
JOSEPH, WM.	X			X			X
JOSEPH, WM. SR.	X			X			
KELLY, JOHN	X			X	X		
KELLY, PATERICK	X			X		X	
KELSO, JOSEPH	X				X		X
KENNEDY, WM.		X		X		X	
KERN, PATRICK	X			X			
KERNS, EDWARD	X			X	XX		
KERNS, LEWIS	X			X		X	
KERNS, MICHAEL, JR				X			X
KERNS, MICHAEL SR.	X			X		X	
KIGER, DANIEL	X			X			
KING, VALENTINE	X			X			
KNIGHT, THOMAS	X			X			
KRATZER, JOSEPH	X			X	XXXX		
KRATZER, SIMON	X			X	XXXX		
LAIDLEY, THOMAS	X			X	X		
LAGUE, ALEXANDER	X			X		X	
LANCE, JOHN	X			X		X	
LANE, JOSEPH	X			X		X	
LANHAM, ARCHIBALD	X			X		X	
LANHAM, WM.	X			X	X		
LAZELLA, THOMAS	X			X		X	
LEGGETT, JAMES	X			X		X	
LEVERE, ROBERT or SEVERE	X			X			X
LEWELLEN, DOCTER	X					X	
LINN, GEORGE	X					X	
LIMEFOOT, THOMAS	X			X			
LITTLE, STOKELY	X			X			
LOUGH, JOHN	X			X			
LOWE, JOSHUA	X			X	XXXX		
LYN, HENRY	X			X	XXXXXX		
LYNCH, JOHN	X			X	XXXX	X	
LYNCH, PATRICK	X			X	X		
McCLAIN, JOHN				X			
MCCLEERY, COL WM.	X			X			
McCOLLUM, DANIEL	X			X	XXXX		
McCRAY, FARQUER		X			XXXX	X	
MADERA, NOCHOLAS	X			X			
MAGEE, WM	X			X			
MAGREW, PATRICK	X			X			
MAN, JAMES	X			X			
MARTIN, GEORGE	X				XXXX	X	
MARTIN, JESSE		X			XXXXXX		X
MARTIN, JOSEPH	X			X	XXXXXX		
MARTIN, PRESLEY		X			XXXX	X	
MARTIN, RAWLEY	X			X		X	

	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3	Col 4	Col 5	Col 6	Col 7
MARTIN, THOMAS		X			X	X	
MARTIN, WM		X					
MASTERS, STEPHEN	X				X	X	
MATHEWS, ISAAC	X			X		X	
MATHENEY, NATHAN	X				X	X	
MAY, WM	X			X	X		
MELCHER, ADAM	X						
MEREDITH, DAVIS		X			X	X	
MERRIFIELD, JOHN	X			X	X		
MERRIL, CLEMENT	X			X		X	
MESE, CHRISTOPHER		X		X		X	
MICHAEL, DANIEL	X			X		X	
MICHAEL, GASPER		X		X		X	
MILEY, GEORGE	X			X		X	
MILLER, JOHN		X		X		X	
MILLER, PETER			X			X	X
MILLER, THOMAS	X			X		X	
MILLER, WM.	X			X		X	
MINOR, SAMUEL	X			X		X	
MONTGOMERY, THOMAS	X			X	X		
MOODY, ROBERT	X			X	X		
MOORE, ARCHIBALD	X			X	X		
MOORE, JOHN	X			X	X		
MOORE, JOHN	X			X		X	
MOORE, JOHN	X			X	X		
MOORE, MICHAEL	X			X		X	
MOORE, PHILIP	X			X	X		
MORGAN, EVAN	X			X	X		
MORGAN, JAMES	X			X	X		
MORGAN, LEVI	X			X		X	
MORGAN, MORGAN	X			X	X		
MORGAN, NICHOLAS	X			X	X		
MORGAN, STEPHEN	X			X		X	
MORGAN, ZACKWELL, SR	X			X		X	
MORRIS, LEVI	X			X	X		
MURPHY, HUGH	X			X	X		
MUSGROVE, DAVID	X			X		X	
NEAL, JAMES	X			X		X	
NEAL, JOSEPH		X		X		X	
NEELY, HUGH M (Sworn)	X			X		X	
NEIGHBORS, WM.	X			X	X		
NICHOLS, PHILIP	X			X	X		
NOOSE, GEORGE	X			X	X		
NOOSE, JACOB	X			X	X		
NOOSE, JACOB, SR.	X			X	X		
NORRIS, WM.	X			X	X		
NOTS, ABSALOM	X			X		X	
NUZUM, JAMES	X			X	X		
NUZUM, JOHN	X			X	X		
NUZUM, RICHARD	X			X	X		
O'KELL, GEORGE	X			X	X		
ORSBURN, PETER	X			X	X		

	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3	Col 4	Col 5	Col 6	Col 7
PAIRPOINT, ZACHARIAH	X				X		X
PARISH, EDWARD	X				X		X
PARTHRASS, BAURY		X			X		X
PATTON, ROBERT	X				X	X	
PAYNE, JESSE	X				X	X	
PAYNES, WM		X			X		X
PEARPOINT, LARKEN	X				X		X
PECKINGPAUGH, GEORGE		X			X		X
PETTYJOHN, JOHN	X				X	X	
PETTYJOHN, JOHN Sr.	X				X	X	
PILES, DAVID	X				X		X
PILES, HUNTER		X				X	X
PINDALL, JACOB	X				X	X	
PINDALL, JACOB		X				X	X
PINDALL, JAMES	X					X	X
PINDALL, THOMAS		X			X	X	
POTTER, RUSSEL	X				X	X	
POWELL, AARON		X				X	X
POWELL, ISAAC	X				X	X	
POWERS, NEHEMIAH	X				X		X
PRICE, RICHARD		X			X		X
PRICKET, JACOB	X				X	X	
PURDUE, LABEN	X				X		X
RAMSEY, JOHN		X			X	X	
RAMSEY, JOHN	X				X		X
RANDALL, JAMES	X				X		X
RAVER, CHRISTOPHER	X				X		X
REAM, TOBIAS	X				X	X	
REED, ISAAC	X				X	X	
REED, JAMES	X				X		X
REED, JOHN	X				X		X
REED, JOHN	X				X		X
REED, WM.	X				X		X
REEDER, BENJ	X					X	X
RHEUBLE, JACOB	X				X	X	
RICE, ISAAC		X				X	X
RIGEWAY, NOAH	X				X		X
RIGGS, SIMEON	X				X	X	
RIGGS, SIRUS	X				X	X	
ROBE, JOSIAH	X				X		
ROBE, ROBERT	X				X	X	
ROBINSON, JAMES	X	X			X		
ROBINSON, JAMES, Sr	X				X		
ROSE, CHARLES	X				X	X	
ROSE, JAMES	X					X	X
RUSSEL, WILLIAM		X			X		X
RYCE, SIMEON		X				X	X

	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3	Col 4	Col 5	Col 6	Col 7
SAUNDERS, JOHN		X			X	X	
SAYRE, BENJ.	X			X	X		
SAYRES, DAVID	X			X	X		
SAYRES, JOHN	X			X	X		
SEVERE, see LEVERE							
SCIPOLE, GEORGE	X				X	X	
SCOTT, DAVID		X		X		X	
SCOTT, DAVID		X				X	
SCOTT, DAVID, JR.		X		X			
SCOTT, JACOB	X			X		X	
SCOTT, JAMES		X		X	X		
SCOTT, JAMES		X		X			X
SCOTT, JOHN	X			X		X	
SCOTT, JOHN	X				X	X	
SCOTT, ROBERT		X			X	X	
SCRIPPS, WM	X			X	X		
SHAVER, HENRY	X			X	X		
SHIVELY, PHILIP	X			X		X	
SHMELL, PHILIP	X			X	X		
SHOCKLEY, DAVIS	X			X		X	
SHROYER, CHRISTIAN	X			X		X	
SHUTTLESWORTH, PHILIP	X			X	X		
SIDWELL, HUGH	X			X	X		
SIMPKINS, CHARLES	X			X		X	
SMITH, AMOS	X			X			X
SMITH, GEORGE	X			X		X	
SMITH, ISAAC	X			X			
SMITH, JACOB	X			X	X		
SMITH, JOHN	X			X	X		
SMITH, JOHN		X			X	X	
SMITH, MICAGE	X			X	X		
SMITH, RICHARD	X			X	X		
SMITH, SAMUEL	X				X	X	
SNIDER, DAVID	X			X		X	
SNIDER, GEORGE	X				X	X	
SNIDER, JOHN		X		X	X		
SNIDER, JOHN JR.	X				X	X	
SNIDER, MOSES	X			X		X	
SNODGRASS, CHARLES	X			X	X		
SNODGRASS, WM		X		X	X		
SOLOID, GABERAL		X			X	X	
SOUTHWORTH, JOSEPH	X			X	X		
SOVERIGN, JOSEPH	X			X	X		
SOVERIGNS, JOSEPH	X			X	X		
SOVERIGND, JOSEPH	X			X	X		
SPRINGER, JOHN				X		X	
SQUIRES, NEHEMIAH		X		X	X		
SRIVER, ADAM	X			X		X	
STAFFORD, JAMES	X			X	X		
STAFFORD, JOHN	X			X	X		
STANBERRY, FRANCES	X			X		X	
STEALY, JOHN	X			X		X	
STEEL, JAMES	X			X	X		
STELLER, JOHN	X			X		X	
STELLER, MICHAEL				X		X	

	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3	Col 4	Col 5	Col 6	Col 7
STEPHENSON, WM	X			X			X
STEWART, ALEXANDER		X			X	X	
STEWART, CHARLES		X			X		X
STEWART, CHARLES JR.		X		X	X		
STEWART, DANIEL		X		X	X		
STEWART, JOHN	X			X	X		
STEWART, WM.		X		X	X		
STEWART, WM.		X		X	X		
STULL, GODFREY		X			X	X	
SULLIVAN, JOHN	X			X	X		
SWEARINGEN, SAMUEL	X			X	X		
SWITZER, PETER	X			X		X	
TANNIHILL, SAMUEL	X			X	X		
TANNIHILL, WM	X			X	X		
TATE, JAMES	X			X		X	
TAYLOR, JOHN	X			X	X		
TENNANT, ALEXANDER	X			X		X	
TENNANT, PETER		X		X		X	
TENNANT, RICHARD	X			X		X	
THOMPSON, JAMES	X			X			X
THOMPSON, JOHN	X			X		X	
THORN, BENJAMIN	X			X	X		
TIBBS, FRANCIS SR.	X			X		X	
TINGLE, ROBERT	X			X		X	
TOLER, ZACHERIAH	X			X	X		
TRICKETT, JOSEPH	X				X	X	
TROY, JAMES	X			X		X	
TUCKER, HENRY	X			X			X
VANCAMP, ISAAC	X				X		X
VANDEVORT, NICHOLAS	X			X	X		
WADE, ALEXANDER		X			X	X	
WADE, GEORGE		X		X		X	
WADE, HEZEKIAH		X			X	X	
WADE, THOMAS		X		X		X	
WALLIS, WM.		X		X	X		
WARMAN, JOSHUA	X			X		X	
WARMAN, STEPHEN	X			X		X	
WARMAN, THOMAS	X			X		X	
WATSON, JOHN	X			X	X		
WATSON, JOHN	X			X		X	
WATSON, WM.	X			X	X		
WEAVER, JACOB	X			X		X	
WEAVER, JAMES	X			X	X		
WEAVER, JOSEPH	X			X			
WEAVER, NICHOLAS (Sworn)	X			X		X	
WEBSTER, JAMES	X			X	X		
WEBSTER, WM	X			X		X	
WELLS, AUGUSTUS	X			X	X		
WESBEY, JOSEPH	X			X	X		

	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3	Col 4	Col 5	Col 6	Col 7
WEST, JAMES	X			X		X	
WEST, JAMES	X				X	X	
WEST, JOHN	X			X		X	
WEST, JOSEPH	X				X	X	
WHEELER, HENRY	X			X	X		
WHITE, GRAFTON	X			X	X		
WICKARD, BARTHOLOMEW	X			X		X	
WILCOT, REUBEN		X			X	X	
WILES, HENRY		X			X	X	
WILKINS, JEPHTHY	X			X			
WILLET, JOHN	X			X		X	
WILLETS, JOHN	X			X	X		
WILLIAMS, JOHN	X			X	X		
WILLY, SAMUEL	X			X		X	
WILLY, WM.	X			X		X	
WILSON, ARCHIBALD	X			X	X		
WILSON, ARTHUR	X			X	X		
WILSON, BECKET	X			X	X		
WILSON, BENJAMIN		X					
WILSON, BENJAMIN		X			X	X	
WILSON, GEORGE	X			X	X		
WILSON, GEORGE		X			X	X	
WILSON, JERREMIAS	X			X	X		
WILSON, JOHN	X			X		X	
WILSON, JOHN	X			X	X		
WILSON, JOSEPH	X			X	X		
WILSON, JOSIAH	X			X	X		
WILSON, THOMAS				X		X	
WILSON, WM	X			X	X		
WILSON, WM	X			X	X		
WILSON, WM.	X				X	X	
WINDSOR, WM.		X		X		X	
WOLF, GEORGE	X			X	X		
WOLF, JACOB	X			X	X		
WOLF, JOHN	X			X	X		
WOOD, WILLIAM	X				X	X	
WOODRING, ABRAHAM		X			X	X	
WOODS, BENJ	X			X	X		
WOODS, ROBERT	X			X		X	
WOODS, WM.	X				X	X	

We the subscribers being the Clerks appointed and qualified to take the Polls at an Election for one member of Congress and two delegates to represent the County of Monongalia in the State Legislature, on the second Monday in April 1803, do certify that the foregoing Polls are accurate and that the above statement is the number of votes given to each Candidate.

April 13, 1803

H. REEDER  
 GEORGE S. DERING  
 JOSEPH GRATE



W.V.  
Randolph  
1.6

RANDOLPH COUNTY LAW BOOKS

t>y

William H. Rice

In the Circuit Court of Randolph County, as well as other counties in Virginia and West Virginia, many genealogists have discovered the interesting tidbits of genealogical value in the books maintained by the Chancery Court beginning in 1831. But few have found the patience to search for information in the much less exciting records of the Superior Court which are bound in volumes known as the "Law Books".

This author, who is one of those researchers fortunate enough to have found time to read the Randolph County Law Books in entirety from 1810 through 1839, wanted to share with the reader some of the more noteworthy genealogical facts found in that series.

In most, if not all, of those counties that were in Virginia prior to the Civil War, the Superior Court maintained their own Will Book which was a completely separate record from the better known Will Books maintained by the County Clerks. One example is the Circuit Court of Hardy County whose three Will Books have been abstracted on pages 2+03 through 2+07 in E. L. Judy's History of Grant and Hardy Counties. Unfortunately the Will Books for the Circuit Superior Court of Randolph County have been lost, evidently in the Court House fire of 22+ January 1392. Fortunately the Randolph County Law Books have survived and in those are the Probates of the Wills that went into the Superior Court Will Book. The records in the Law Books are in chronological order so only the dates will be given when the Court probated the Wills which are as follows:

- 20 April 1835 - The Last Will of David Minear was probated by the oaths of witnesses William R. Parsons and John R. Parsons. The Executor named was Enoch Minear.
- 5 May 18U2 - The Last Will of Archibald Earle written on 22+ March 132+2 was probated by witnesses Squire Bosworth and John Stainsker. Executors named were John B. Earle, George Buckey and Mary Earle. (The author located a copy of this Will in Randolph County Chancery File 12+—309 and had it recorded in Randolph County Will Book 31, Page 25U> in 1993)
- U May 182+3 - The Last Will of Adam Bowman was proven by witnesses William Marsh and Benjamin Marsh. Executor named was Samuel W. Bowman.
- 214. Oct 1852+ - The Will of Jeremiah Channell was proven by Abraham Hutton and John A. Hutton. The Codicil was proven by William H. Wilson and Elam B. Bosworth. Executor named was Samuel Channell.



- 2 Dec 1865 - The Last Will of Eli Butcher was proven by Bernard L. Brown and Bushrod W. Crawford. (This Will was recorded again on 18 May 1892 by the County Clerk since no record of it could be found, an indication that the Superior Court Will Book had been lost by that date.)
- 27 Mar 1866 - Last Will of Robert Ferguson was proven by James Wilmoth and William Piercy. The Executor named was Arnold Wilmoth.
- 1 Oct 1866 - Last Will of Mary Briggs proven by David Goff and Claudius Goff.
- 11 May 1868 - Last Will of Henry Harris proven by Bryan G. Gainer and Anthony B. Vannoy. Executor named was Arnold Wilmoth.
- 28 Apr 1875 - Last Will of Washington G. Ward proven by Jacob Crouch and Patrick Crickard. Executor named was Jacob G. Ward.
- 25 Mar 1885 - Last Will of Lucy White written on 23 May 1881, ordered probated by the Court.

While there is not a great deal of information given, it does suggest about the time when the testator died since probate was usually done within 90 days of death. Also the Executor is usually a close relation or friend and the witnesses were usually nearby neighbors or people well acquainted to the testator. And if nothing else it is known that at one time a Will was in existence which could help explain how property was transferred and the family historian can check the Chancery Files or other records to see if a copy of the Will may have survived.

Another type of record in the Law Books that can be helpful to genealogists are the naturalizations. Once again they will be listed in order by the dates they were handled by the Court:

- 3 Apr 1851 - Dineal McKinley, a native of Scotland, applies for citizenship.
- 5 Apr 1852 - David Closs, a native of Scotland, applies for citizenship.
- 26 May 1856 - John Nallen, Patrick Durkin, John Ford and Richard Ford, natives of Ireland, apply for citizenship.
- 29 May 1856 - Morris Hannifin (and Minty?), Thomas Durkin, Michael Durkin and Andrew Durkin, natives of Ireland, apply for citizenship.
- 29 May 1857 - John Calane, native of Ireland, applies for citizenship.

- 7 Nov 1871 - Michael Joyce, native of Ireland, first applied on 20 June 1867 in Jefferson County, Kentucky. Granted citizenship.
- 25 Apr 1873 - C. George Betz, born in Kingdom of South Germany, now 25 years old, to U.S. in 1869. Applied for citizenship.
- 26 Oct 1875 - Michael Joyce, first applied on fourth Monday in February of 1872 in Berkshire, Massachusetts. Granted citizenship.
- 27 Oct 1875 - Me inrod Wasmer, born 12 April 181+5 in Grand Duchy of Baden, Germany, to New York on 13 June 1872. Applied for citizenship.
- 7 Jan 188\$ - John Goetfried Bene, born 12 January 1863 in Maeleach Stgllen, Switzerland. To U.S. in 1882. Applied for citizenship.
- 10 Jan 188^ - Jacob Phister, born 27 July 181+3 in Wangen, Switzerland. To U.S. in 1880. Applied for citizenship.
- 15 Sep 1835 - Frederick Arnold Iseli, born in Switzerland in 1350. To U.S. in 1880. Applied for citizenship.
- 21 Sep 1838 - Solomon Greenburg, born in 1854 in Moscow, Russia. Applied for citizenship.

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BONNIE MILLER MAKING PENDLETON RESOURCE LIST

ARFHS member Bonnie Miller, Rt 5 Box 240, Harrisonburg, VA, 22801 has started working on a Pendleton County resource list. This will include a listing of articles, publications, pamphlets, etc. of interest to Pendleton County history and genealogy. If any reader knows of any obscure newspaper or magazine articles that mention or deal with old Pendleton County please drop a card to Bonnie so we can help her get this important project off the ground.

Notes from The Central Methodist (Catlettsburg, KY Methodist Episcopal, South publication) referring to Lewis and Upshur Cos., WV.

11- 23-1872 p. 8 **Henry McCauley**, born Pendleton Co. in 1790 and moved early in life to Collins Settlement in Lewis Co., VA. He left there at his wife's death in 1868 and moved to Lewis Co., KY to live with his sons **Joseph McCauley** and **Lysander McCauley, Esq.** He died 28 AUG 1872.

12-7-1875 p. 3 **William L. Anderson** was born in Hanover Co., VA on 4 DEC 1792 and died in Upshur Co on 1 NOV 1874. He served 9 months in the War of 1812 and moved to Upshur Co. before 1867.

12-7-1875 p. 3 **Jonathon Hall** was born 8 NOV 1797 and died 30 SEP 1875. He converted to Methodism after a camp meeting at Hackers Creek about 1822 or 1823.

5-5-1877 p. 3 **David Dyer Dix**, the son of **James** and **Rachel Dix**, was born 7 JUL 1848 near [Buckhannon], Upshur Co., WV. He was a private in the Confederate Army. In 1874 he was elected to the WV Legislature from Nicholas, Clay and Webster Cos. He went to Washington, DC for the inaugural but became ill from Typhoid and died 22 Mar 1877.

5-26-1877 p. 3 **Abraham Rager Hall** was born near the present town of Buckhannon in Lewis Co., VA on 18 Jan 1820. Soon after that, his father moved the family to Big Skin Creek. He had 6 brothers and 4 sisters. Two died young, and all the rest married except Abraham. His father died OCT 1875 and in OCT 1876 Abraham and his mother moved in with a sister, **Mrs. Emmet J. O'Brien** on Polk Creek, Lewis Co. On 7 FEB 1877 Abraham was killed by a limb falling from a tree he and his nephew were chopping down.

4-26-1879 p. 3 **Elizabeth Summers**, 83 years old, died at her son's residence on Stone Cole, Lewis Co., WV on 25 MAR 1879.

10-3-1891 p. 13 **Mifflin Lorentz**, son of **Jacob** and **Rebecca Lorentz** was born in Lewis Co., VA 29 DEC 1823, and died in [Buckhannon], WV on 16 JUL 1891. He was of Geman descent, his father was a native of Lancaster Co., PA. his mother, a **Stalnaker**, was a native of Randolph Co., WV. He married first Miss **Fannie White** of Buckhannon on 28 DEC 1848. She died in Alleghany Springs, VA on 16 FEB 1864, leaving 5 children, 3 of whom still survive. He married second Miss **Mary Boggess** and had 3 children, still living. He died of smoker's cancer after long medical treatment and an operation in Baltimore.

These newspapers are on microfilm at the WVU Library.

Ted Wolfe



Notes from The Central Methodist (Catlettsburg, KY Methodist Episcopal, South publication) referring to Barbour Co., WV.

12-22-1874 p. 2 **Elizabeth Johnson**, the daughter of **John Hoffman**, was bom in Loudon Co., VA in 1793 and moved to Barbour (then Randolph) Co., WV in the 21sr year of her age. Three years later she married **Robert Johnson** and moved to Gilmer (then Lewis) Co., near where Glenville now is. Her husband died in 1828, leaving her with 7 children, all boys, the oldest 10 years old. They moved 28 miles down the river a few years later. Two of her sons died before her. She died 14 NOV 1874 at her son **Robert Johnson's**, in Calhoun Co.

1-12-1875 p. 7 **Leah Wilson** was bom 24 APR 1804 in Harrison Co., the daughter of **John Thomas**. She married **Wesley Wilson** in 1823 and settled near Boothsville, until 1846 when they moved to Philippi. She died 1 DEC 1874. She had 11 children, 2 of them died in infancy, the rest and her husband survived.

3-9-1875 p. 3 **Wesley Wilson** was bom in [Monongalia] Co. on 1 JAN 1803. He married **Leah Thomas** in 1822 or 1823, and settled near Boothsville. They later moved to a farm 3 miles south of Philippi. He was blind for 12 years prior to his death. His wife and 2 sons preceded him in death. Reported by his son, **Thos. N. Wilson**.

1-28-1877 p. 6 **William Washington Counts**, the son of **Isaac** and **Mary Counts**, was bom 19 JUN 1854, and died 27 AUG 1877. He suffered with consumption for nearly 2 years. His father, mother, brothers and sister, and little twin brother and sister survive.

4-26-1879 p. 3 **Phoebe E. Eurit**, the wife of **James D. Eurit**, was bom 25 AUG 1824 and died 26 FEB 1879. She was the daughter of **Jacob** amd **Phebe Burner** of Bumersville, WV. She died of consumption and was survived by 2 sons and 2 daughters.

1-17-1880 p. 8 Rev. **A. P. Sturm** was to start a protracted meeting at Lambert's Chapel "where Satan has been among the flock causing law suits, etc. for a year or two past."

2-7-1885 p. 5 **Dr. E. Parsons** of Meadowville died 21 DEC [1884],

8- 1-1885 p. 10 **Dr. Edwin Parsons** was bom 29 MAY 1825 and died 21 JAN 1885. A wife and 6 children survived him at Meadowville. (This death date disagrees with the previous note on 7 FEB 1885.)

9- 12-1891 p. 13 **Fannie Johnson**, nee **Link**, was bom in Augusta Co., VA 2 NOV 1843 and died 25 AUG 1891 (47 yr, 9 mo. 23 d ). She married Col. **I. V. Johnson** in 1874 and moved to Philippi. Her husband and 3 children survive.

These newspapers are on microfilm at the WVU Library.

Ted Wolfe

Notes from The Christian Observer and its successor, The Christian Advocate (Cat-lettsburg, KY Methodist Episcopal, South publications).

The Christian Observer

9-30-1871 p. 2 **Phoebe Jane Grose** was bom 7 MAY 1838 and died 5 JUL 1871. She was bom in Nicholas Co., VA, the daughter of **William** and **Margaret Whitman**. She married **William Grose** on 6 OCT 1871. She had no children, but did have step-children.

3-2-1872 p. 2 **Ann Grose** was bom an **Oliver** in Hanover Co., VA on 1 JAN 1793. She married **Samuel Grose** of Bath Co., VA on 7 SEP 1815 and they moved to Nicholas Co. in March of 1846. She died 22 DEC 1871, leaving a husband, 2 sons and a daughter, **Mrs. Samuel Black**, near Summersville.

The Central Methodist

5-18-1875 p. 7 **Rev. John W. Taylor** was bom and raised in Pocahontas Co. His father died when he was 17 days old. He married **Lucie Jacobs** of Bridgewater, Rockingham Co., VA 2 and 1/2 years ago and they had a son, **Summers**. He died 29 MAR 1875. He preached at Walkersville, and was buried at Long Point.

8-14-1880 p. 3 **Jonathon Hyre**, bom in Lewis (now Upshur) Co. on 17 MAR 1812, moved to Jackson Co. in 1815 and died 12 JUL 1880.

12-25-1886 p. 7 **Louisa Ralston** was bom 17 SEP 1854, the daughter of **Eli** and **Nancy Hamilton** of Bath Co., VA. She married **Johnnie Ralston** and had 5 children, 1 recently deceased. Her 2 oldest children were **Robbie** and **Gillie**

8-20-1887 p. 11 **Rev. John S. Pullin** was bom in Bath Co., VA on 27 MAR 1810, the son of **Thomas** and **Nancy Pullin**. They were of Irish descent. He died in Braxton Co. on 24 JAN 1867? [1887] He married **Nancy Prey** and they had 9 children, 3 of whom preceded him in death. His wife died 22 MAY 1887. Five sons and 1 daughter survive. He preached in Braxton, Jacksonville, Glenville, Greene, and Randolph Circuits. He and his wife are buried in a private graveyard in Braxton Co.

12-12-1891 p. 18 **George R. Hickman** was bom in Bath Co., VA on 28 OCT 1839. He died in Clay Co., WV on 1 NOV 1819. He moved to Nicholas Co, early in life with his parents and married **Martha C. Morrison** on 9 APR 1865. He had 6 children, 4 sons and 2 daughters, one of which preceded him in death.

12-26-18^ p. 6 **Warwick Briscoe** was born in Bath (now Highland) Co., VA on 8 MAY 1819, the fifth son of **Isaac** and **Priscilla Briscoe**. He came to Kanawha Co., Va in 1839 and taught school. He married **Sarah Blakeney**, the daughter of Capt. **G. A. Blakeney** in 1842. He became a Methodist exhorter in 1843 and a preacher at Ripley July 1846. He was living in Charleston in 1891. (This autobiographical article also contained a narrative of his preaching posts from 1846 to 1887.)

These newspapers are on microfilm at the WVU Library. Ted Wolfe

Notes from THE PITTSBURGH CONFERENCE JOURNAL

Vol. 1, No. 19, page 75. June 7, 1834

**Henry Waldeck** died on West Fork, Lewis Co., Va. on 2 April 1834, supposed to be about 87 years old. He had been a Hessian soldier, serving in many battles uninjured and was captured when Cornwallis surrendered. He married at Fredericktown after the war and moved to the South Branch near Moorefield for about 18 or 20 years, and then moved to Lewis Co.

Vol. 1, No. 22, page 87. 28 June 1834

**Samuel Hall**, Esq. was born in Pendleton Co., VA. on 30 Sept 1779 and moved to Harrison Co., Va. in 1805 where he lived until his death 18 April 1834. He left a wife and four children.

Vol. 1, No. 50, page 200. 8 Jan. 1835

**David Minear**, born in Pennsylvania, not far from Philadelphia on 31st of July, 1755. His father was killed by Indians on the river Cheat in Randolph Co., Va. in 1784. David married Katharine Sailor in 1787. He entertained and supported Methodist ministers, who "preached under his roof". He suffered for many months from a cancer on the lip and died 20 Nov. 1834, leaving 8 children to mourn his loss.

Randolph Co., Va.

Samuel Kyle

Vol. 1, No. 51, page 203. 15 Jan. 1835

Mrs. **Catherine Carmack**, the consort of **Evan Carmack**, died 18 Dec. 1834 in Weston, Lewis Co., Va., aged 28 years, 7 months and 9 days. She was born in Frederick, Co., Md. on 9 May 1806. Her parents were Lutheran. She married Evan Carmack in the fall of 1820. Her husband and five children survive.

Vol. 2, No. 1, page 3. 29 Jan 1835

**Philip Kirk** was born in Monongalia Co., Va. on 28 Nov. 1800 and was crushed by a tree on 10 Jan 1835 while working for **Mr. Crolley** on a road in Monongalia Co. near the Tygart Valley River.

Vol. 2, No. 12, page 47. 16 Apr. 1835

**Catharine Minear** was born in Randolph Co., Va. on 22 Apr. 1800. A camp meeting she attended on Jackson's River in Pocahontas Co. when she was 12 to 15 years old had a great effect on her, although she didn't become a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church until 1822 or 1823. She married **Enoch Minear** on 1 Jan. 1827. She was ill six months before she died on 12 Feb. 1835. Besides an infant that was five weeks and five days old she left a husband and three children to mourn her loss.

Morgantown, April 3, 1835

Samuel Kyle

Vol. 2, No. 30, page 121.. 20 Aug. 1835

Mrs. **Elizabeth Holt** was bom on 14 Mar. 1807 in Beaver, Pa. and died on 29 July 1835 in Weston, Va. She married Rev. **Jonathon Holt** on 30 July 1827. Her husband, two daughters and a son survive.

Vol. 2, No. 55, page 175. 26 Nov. 1835 .

**Abigail Weaver** died in Harrison Co., Va. on 7 Aug. 1835.

Vol. 4, No. 12, page 51. 20 April 1837

Mrs. **Elizabeth Rhorabaugh** died on 27th ultimo in her 67th year at her house in Lewis Co., Va. She was brought up in Hardy Co., Va., married **Abraham Rhorabaugh** and settled on the Buckhannon.

Vol. 5, No. 37, page 147. 4 Oct. 1838

**Benjamin Scott** died at his residence on 8 Aug. 1838. He was bom in Hardy Co., Va., where he resided until 1812. He was raised by and with Dunkers. He came to Randolph Co, in 1812 and married **Jane**, the daughter of **Wm.** and **Mary Currence**. He soon became a Methodist. He suffered three years with white swelling and was confined to bed for 6 months. He was buried near his house under two apple trees. His widow and 9 children survive him. There is also mention of a son who was seriously ill, but after prayer by Benjamin and others, he recovered.  
reported by Gideon Martin

Vol. 6, No. 27, page 108. 25 Jul 1839

**Darhes Holbert**, the consort of **William Holbert** and daughter of **Benjamin** and **Ann Riddle**, died on 17 Apr. 1839. She was 25 years old and had three small children, reported by David Hess, Lower Kenaway, Lewis Co. Va.  
(note - Darhes was the spelling the newspaper gave)

Notes from the Pittsburgh Conference Journal, which is available on microfilm at West Virginia Wesleyan College. Ted Wolfe July 19, 1997.

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#### COVER PHOTO - WILLIAM DANIEL ARMSTSONS

The photo on the cover of this issue is identified as that of William D. Armstrong. The original is in possession of Donald Quick, and he offers two statements about the picture, as told to hia by his aunts. Nr. Quick says that the photo is a likeness of "Unde Billy" Armstrong of Files Creek, and that he (Billy) was the father of Mr. Quick's grandsother, Julia Armstrong Vaughn. Deed records indicate that the father of Julia .Armstrong Vaughn was Thoasas F. Armstrong, father of William D. Armstrong. The clothing style in the picture .dates it after d890, so it is not likely to be a picture of Thoasas F. who died in 1830. It is sore consistent ■With a photo of William D. Armstrong. Perhaps a closer look is needed at the parentage of Julia Armstrong Vaughn based on inforsation in Mr. Quick's family. Or, as Mr. Quick agrees, perhaps some confusion of naees and generations has crept into the story over the past 100 years. It is likely that the photo on the cover can be identified as William D. Arastrong with some certainty so long as the qualifying inforsation above is kept "in Bind.

# Reflections «f Uje fc 8f»

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The History  
of  
Walkersville  
Community  
  
Lewis County  
WV

ORANGE COUNTY CAL'FORNIA  
GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY



The History of Walkersville Community

Lewis County

W. Va.

By

Clark Sprigg

## HISTORY OF WALKERSVILLE COMMUNITY

Walkersville is situated in the central part of the Collins Settlement district in Lewis county, and was founded in 1840 by Wm. Bennett, Jr; It has a population of about two hundred at the present time." In the village there are two general stores, one hardware and furniture store, two feed stores (one of which is a co-operative store incorporated at \$10,000), one blacksmith and machine shop, two garages, one harness and saddle shop, two barber shops, one grist and planing mill, one high school building costing \$60,000, one two-room public school building, and about fifty dwellings.

The village of Walkersville is on the Weston and Webster Springs road and is a central point for the whole upper end of Collins Settlement district.

The first permanent settlement made in what is now included within this district was made by John Collins from whom the district gets its name. This settlement was made about 1787 on a tract of land granted to Mr; Collins by Col. George Jackson, which was located near and includes the present site of the village of Jacksonville. Collins was followed three years later by Wm. Shoulders who settled near by Collins on what is now known as the Big Bend Bottom, one-half mile south of Jacksonville. Mr. Shoulders died in 1808 and was the first person to be buried at the Long Point Cemetery, near Walkersville. Little, if anything, is known of any of the descendants of either Collins or Shoulders.

The next settler was Wm. Bennett, who came from Pendleton county, Virginia, now West Virginia, in the year 1800, and settled near the mouth of the run which now bears his name. This run is just a half mile north of Walkersville. Mr. Bennett secured a patent for 2,800 acres of land adjacent to and including the present site of the village of Walkersville. The original patent for this grant of land is still kept. It is written on parchment and is in a fair state of preservation. It is in the possession of the family of the late Wm. Sprigg.

Mr/Bennett reared a large family of children, twelve in number, all of whom married and reared families. Rachel, the eldest, was born in 1796. She married David Alkire. They settled on what is now known as the Bodkin Place on Little Kanawha River, Their

saved enough money to buy "Mep", a son of some ten years of age, a pair of shoes. She was very busy one Saturday and against her better judgment placed her small sum of money in Joe's hands and started him to Jack Mills store for the long coveted pair of shoes. Now Jack sold whiskey as well as slides and as the whiskey was more to Joe's taste he proceeded to get "gloriously" drunk in which condition he arrived home some time that night without money or shoes either. Aunt Betsy immediately proceeded to vigorously "haul him over the coals". When suddenly jerking off his buckskin hunting shirt he threw it on the floor and shouting "By the eternal, Betsy will this stop you?" grabbed his moccasin pattern off the wall and cut "Mep" a pair of moccasins from the back of the hunting shirt, taking practically all the back of the shirt. Aunt Betsy soon afterward patched the holes in Joe's shirt with red Linsey and as the shirt was of buckskin color (light yellow) the red patches were a glaring contrast. My father has told me many times that Joe with that patched hunting shirt on was 'the darnest looking thing he ever saw.

Radiating from the central point to the east we find that Richard Johnson and John Bennett were among the earliest settlers on Sand Fork a branch of West Fork, possibly about the year 1800 many of their descendants live in that section at the present time, to the west we find Abram Bennett settling on what is now known as Abram's Run and from whom the run was named. Abram was a native of Pendleton county, Virginia, now West Virginia, and a brother to Wm. Bennett, Sr. of Walkersville and John Bennett of Sand Fork. Abram was soon followed by the Hefners from Pocahontas county who settled on what is now called the Sapp. farm. The Meek's were also early settlers on the same run. To the north of Walkersville John and Robert Crawford were early settlers, John settled on the river at what is now known as the McGee farm about 1840. Robert Crawford settled a short distance below John near the mouth of Cap Run. The correct name of which is Indian Cap Run from the fact of an Indian Cap or war bonnet was found at or near the mouth of the run. Nothing is known of the descendants of John Crawford. Among Robert's descendants are his son, R. W. Crawford who resided for years at the old home but now lives on Abram's run, and Mrs. H. B. McDowell, and the late C. C. Reger, both of Cap run, and Dr. C. N. Reger of Baltimore all of whom are grandchildren. Other early settlers in

## HISTORY OF WALKERSVILLE COMMUNITY

Walkersville is situated in the central part of the Collins Settlement district in Lewis county, and was founded in 1840 by Win- Bennett, Jr. It has a population of about two hundred at the present time. In the village there are two general stores, one hardware and furniture store, two feed stores (one of which is a co-operative store incorporated at \$10,000), one blacksmith and machine shop, two garages, one harness and saddle shop, two barber shops, one grist and planing Mill, one high school building costing \$60,000, one two-room public school building, and about fifty dwellings.

The village of Walkersville is on the Weston and Webster Springs road and is a central point for the whole upper end of Collins Settlement district.

The first permanent settlement made in what is now included within this district was made by John Collins from whom the district gets its name. This settlement was made about 1787 on a tract of land granted to Mr. Collins by Col. George Jackson, which was located near and includes the present site of the village of Jacksonville. Collins was followed three years later by Wm. Shoulders who settled near by Collins on what is now known as the Big Bend Bottom, one-half mile south of Jacksonville. Mr. Shoulders died in 1808 and was the first person to be buried at the Long Point Cemetery, near Walkersville. Little, if anything, is known of any of the descendants of either Collins or Shoulders.

The next settler was Wm. Bennett, who came from Pendleton county, Virginia, now West Virginia, in the year 1800, and settled near the mouth of the run which now bears his name. This run is just a half mile north of Walkersville. Mr. Bennett secured a patent for 2,800 acres of land adjacent to and including the present site of the village of Walkersville. The original patent for this grant of land is still kept. It is written on parchment and is in a fair state of preservation. It is in the possession of the family of the late Wm. Sprigg.

Mr. Bennett reared a large family of children, twelve in number, all of whom married and reared families. Rachel, the eldest, was born in 1796. She married David Alkire. They settled on what is now known as the Bodkin Place on Little Kanawha River. Their

descendants in West Virginia, among whom are many of the Berrys of Braxton county. David, the second child, was born in 1798. He married Jane Stuart. They settled near the present site of Frenchton. Their descendants are chiefly residents of West Virginia, among whom are the Carfers and Crickards of Randolph county. The third child, Phoebe, was born in 1800. Phoebe married James Keith and they, settled near - Jacksonville. Their descendants are chiefly in Illinois and Iowa. James, the fourth child, was born in 1802. He married Matilda Clark whose grandfather, Abram Clark, was one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. Their descendants are in Iowa, California, and West Virginia; the late Edward Bennett of Weston was one of the children. Margaret, born in 1804, married Robert McCray. They settled on the present site of Cleveland, West Virginia. Their descendants are principally in Missouri and West Virginia. Joseph who was born in 1805 married Mary Coleman and settled on the waters of Gladly Fork, a branch of the Little Kanawha River, where his youngest son of a later marriage, Robert A. Bennett, now lives. David, a son of the first wife lives adjoining Robert. Joseph's twin sister, Hannah, married John Anderson. They settled near the present site of Hedding Chapel, two miles above Walkersville. Their only living child, Mrs. Margaret Feltner, now lives in Walkersville. Elizabeth was born in 1807. She married James D. Sprigg. They also settled on Bennett's Run near the site of the original settlement made by Elizabeth's father, Wm. Bennett. Their descendants are mostly in Lewis county, West Virginia and Page county, Iowa. William, Jr., born in 1808, married Jane Pricketts. They built and lived in the first house on the present site of Walkersville. J. -Lorentz Bennett is the only living descendant of their family. In 1810 Rebecca was born. She married Fletcher Holt and they settled in Gilmer county, West Virginia. Very little is known of their descendants. Abigail was born in 1812, and married Matthew Holt. Their children are still living in West Virginia. Dr. M. S. Holt of Weston, Margaret Holt, Laura A. Doyle\* and Mrs. Whiting of Glenville, and Mrs. J. S. Withers of Buckhannon are children of this union. Jonathan, the youngest, was born in 1814. He married Margaret Jackson and settled in Weston. Their descendants are well known in Lewis county, among whom were the late W. G. and Louis Bennett of Weston. Still living in Weston are Hunter M. Bennett and

Mrs. George I. Keener, grandchildren of Jonathan and Margaret Bennett. Mrs. Fleming Howell and Mrs. Mary Bowie were also children of this union that were well known in the community. Other grandchildren of note are Mrs. Johnson McKinley of Wheeling, Mrs. Robert Crane of Baltimore, Maryland, and Miss. Margaret Howell of Oakland, Maryland, and Brannon Bennett of Walkersville who lives in the house built by Wm. Bennett, Sr. in 1810.

Mrs. Howell will be gratefully remembered by the people of the district as the donor of the site and the piano for the district high school.

Since Walkersville has always been considered the geographical center of the district a short sketch of its origin, name, former inhabitants, and growth seems appropriate. As we have seen earlier in this sketch, Wm. Bennett, Jr., was the first settler on the present site of Walkersville. He erected his house near the site of the present Southern Methodist Church in 1840. A few years prior to this, probably about 1835, Wm. Bennett, Sr., erected a grist mill at a point now known as the Red Bridge, one mile south of Walkersville. Soon after this a post office was established and called Bennett's Mills. William Bennett, Jr. was appointed Post Master. This office supplied a section of country within a radius of 15 miles. Each neighborhood on mail days which were every other Saturday delegated someone to go in and bring out the mail for that section. The one selected usually made the trip on foot. Living in the vicinity of Walkersville was a very unique character named Joe Barnett, who was of a lazy shiftless ne'er-do-well disposition and whose chief vocation was hunting, fishing, and drinking whiskey. Often at the office he would take a parcel of mail in a buckskin knapsack and delivered it in spite of his shiftlessness. He was perfectly honest and trust worthy. One morning Joe was met near the head of Bennett's run with a parcel of mail. Joe was walking fast and someone in the party made the remark, "Joe you are some walker" Joe answered, "Yes, By The Eternal I'm a Walker From Walkersville". The name stuck and in the course of a few months the name of the Post Office was changed to Walkersville. From this incident and nothing else did Walkersville take its name.

One anecdote concerning "Shiftless" Joe Barnett, as he was called, may not be out of place. Aunt Betsy, his wife, who was an industrious, thrifty old soul, had by dint of much "Senging" (Ginseng) and other work

saved enough money to buy "Mep", a son of some ten years of age, a pair of shoes. She was very busy one Saturday and against her better judgment placed her small sum of money in Joe's hands and started him to Jack Mills store for the long coveted pair of shoes. Now Jack sold whiskey as well as shoes and as the whiskey was more to Joe's taste he proceeded to get "gloriously" drunk in which condition he arrived home some time that night without money or shoes either. Aunt Betsy immediately proceeded to vigorously "haul him over the coals". When suddenly jerking off his buckskin hunting shirt he threw it on the floor and shouting "By the eternal, Betsy will this stop you?" grabbed his moccasin pattern off the wall and cut "Mep" a pair of moccasins from the back of the hunting shirt, taking practically all the back of the shirt. Aunt Betsy soon afterward patched the holes in Joe's shirt with red Linsey and as the shirt was of buckskin color (light yellow) the red patches were a glaring contrast. My father has told me many times that Joe with that patched hunting shirt on was the darrest looking thing he ever saw.

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that section were the Keiths, Camdens, Duvals, and Arnolds. Of the Keiths I have already spoken. The Camdens and Arnolds, are too well known to need any special mention. The Duvals while no less worthy did not stand out so prominently in public affairs. Joe G. Sims of Roanoke, West Virginia, and W. A. Sims and family of Walkersville are descendants of the Duvals. While south of Walkersville we find the Carpenters, Clothiers, Grimms, and Wilsons on Big run, Aaron Bennett and Bright Watson on Middle run, John Anderson at the mouth of Leather Bark run, his brother James, farther up the run, and still farther up the creek Hezekiah Bennett, but little is known of the descendants of the Carpenters and Clothiers, Henry G. Harold of Pickens, West Virginia is a great grandson of the Carpenters. Samuel Wilson has many descendants in Collins Settlement District and throughout Lewis and Upshur counties, among whom are A. K., W. T., H. O., and J. A. Wilson. Gordon Talbott, the late Charles W. Talbott and their families and many others prominently identified with the affairs of, their communities. Of Bright Watson descendants we will mention Loud in Watson and family of Crawford, West Virginia, the family of the late Wid Watson, Aaron Bennett's descendants, Jeff., and William Bennett and their families, the family of the late Thad Pritt of Knaw, West Virginia, and the Sponaugle family on Fall run in Braxton county. John Anderson's descendants include Mrs. Margaret Feltner of Walkersville, who is the sole surviving member of the immediate family of John and Hannah Bennett Anderson. There are numerous grand and great grandchildren among whom are Mrs. A. Bruce Smith and family; Mrs. Ote Wilson and family; Mrs. Clark Sprigg and family; all of Walkersville. J. E. Anderson and family of Delaware, Ohio, and numerous others including the Ricketts family of Ohio and Illinois, New York and Wyoming. L. D. Anderson of Walkersville and Mrs. Jimima Ward are the only living members of the family of James and Sarah Siron Anderson, but as in the case of John Anderson many grand and great grandchildren survive him. Many of whom have attained prominence in the affairs of the church and state. Deserving special mention are Rev. C. Fred Anderson, superintendent of the Wheeling District, West Virginia, M. E. Conference, the late L. C. Anderson, prominent lawyer and legislator, Rev. Howard Anderson of Oswego, N. Y., Rev. W. E. Anderson of Fitchburg, Mass., and many others including the Wards, Wingraves, Galfords, and Straders, Hezekiah Bennett. Levi Bennett is

the only living member of the immediate family of Hezekiah. Among the grand children may be mentioned John L. of Ireland, West Virginia, Chas. L. of Huntington, West Virginia, Geo. H. of Walkersville, and Prof. L. E. Bennett of Fort Pierce, Florida. L. E. Bennett is a graduate of West Virginia University and a noted educator.

Going on south we next come to the Chidesters, Bouses and Kileys. Phineas Chidester descendants reside principally in Lex<sup>is</sup> and Upshur counties, one son Preston lives in Quincy, Illinois. The Chidester family includes the Harpers, Crawfords, and others. The family of Jessie Bouse is extinct. Micheal Kiley had a daughter Mary who married Enoch J. Cunningham and his descendants are principally living in Collins Settlement District. They include Wm. J., Edward M., and C. F. Cunningham and Mrs. Etta Halbert and their families. Ireland is next in order and we find that Andrew Wilson was the first settler there, and because he was of Irish lineage the community was called Ireland in his honor. Andrew Wilson had one daughter Matilda, who married Michael Kiley, whose daughter Mary married Enoch Cunningham, previously noted. Andrew Wilson sold his farm to some of the Clarks who in turn sold to Wm. K. Wilson son of Samuel Wilson whom with his descendants has already been mentioned. Next comes Nathan Reger/two sons of whom N. D. and N. F. Reger are residents of the District. This brings us over the divide onto the waters of Little Kanawha where we find James McCray a pioneer resident of that section. Many of his descendants still live thereabouts one of whom is Minor H. McCray of Ireland. Next we find James Pickens a pioneer settler in what is now known as the Duffy neighborhood and his numerous descendants are scattered all through that section. A few of the pioneer residents of Walkersville were Mack Mills, Wm. Madison, James Vicany, Murray Bruffy, Cain Roby, Ail80 Byrd, Wm. Brown, Christopher Simons, Phil A<sup>1</sup>. Lorentz, Samuel Sprigg, A. D. Law, Wm. Pierson, Nathan Bennett, John Calrider, and John S. Anderson all whom with the exception of Wm. Brown and Christopher Simons have passed into the great beyond. Christopher Simons lives at Crawford, West Virginia and Wm. Brown at Whiting, Kansas.

George L. Post, L. D. Anderson, Wm. D. and James Anderson, Thos. Dennison, Anderson Dennison, Captain Geo. Davisson, S. E. Sprigg, Samuel Hogsett, Selby Sapp, John S. Hhll, H. H. Rittenhouse, Wm. Craig, Sr., Wm. Craig, Jr., Wm. Sprigg, Jas/J. Anderson/and Jas. H. Galford

were all generally speaking, pioneers of Collins Settlement District.

John S. Hall was one of our leading educators of his day and  
Captain Davisson was a Captain in the Confederate Army and pioneer  
merchant in Collins Settlement District. All the rest mentioned were  
4 farmers and stockmen and with the exception of G. L. Post and L. D.  
Anderson have passed to their reward.

West Virginia  
Lewis Co.

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GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY

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# WEST VIRGINIA HERITAGE

VOLUME  
ONE

*Ann Constock*

*i* Compiled and Edited by  
WEST VIRGINIA HERITAGE FOUNDATION  
Richwood, West Virginia

the bank to release such deposits for checking."

Depositors were given opportunity to pledge their accounts for twelve months, payable thereafter in installments of 20 per cent, every three months, with the option to the bank to shorten that period or extend it another twelve months. Service charges were added to augment earnings.

Thus the deposits in the bank at its closing were to be revived into interest-bearing time deposits. The spirit of the plan forbade the use of the term "frozen deposits"; instead they were called "protected deposits." The new mutual contract plan instantly became popular because of its distinguishing "principle of mutual protection" to the depositors, individually and as a group.

The working machinery was simple indeed. The cashier and his banking force were designated as the Protective Committee, and the doors of the bank were opened. The whole agreement was stated on a deposit slip of the usual size and appearance, which depositors were asked to sign. On the first day 992 accounts were pledged. In three days the total reached 2237. In twenty days almost 100 per cent, of the 9000 old accounts, excepting small items, were pledged.

A great majority of the depositors came to the bank in person. After a few days the business men of the community gave unstinted service in explaining the plan to depositors at their homes and places of business. The two newspapers gave strong editorial support, besides donating a full page each day for the presentation of facts about the bank and for the publication of subscribers names.

In its full-page publicity matter the bank presented to the

community its belief that depositors wanted to create an obligation among themselves by giving to the bank power to protect them equally and alike. It stated the essentials of the plan in this fashion.

"The bank will reopen if its depositors will agree among themselves and with the bank to leave their money on deposit in the bank for a period that will permit this community to regain its equilibrium and poise. They will sacrifice no right they now possess and will forego no advantage they now hold.

"The bank on its part will agree to pay interest on these protected deposits out of its earnings, the stockholders waiving their right to dividends to make this payment possible. The bank will also maintain itself in liquid position and keep its loans conservatively and safely placed.

"The only alternative that the depositors have to an acceptance of this plan is to leave the bank closed and see it go through the long and expensive process of liquidation. They will receive no interest on their deposits, they will force the bank to liquidate its assets at a substantial loss and with a heavy overhead expense, and they will, by this course, weaken public confidence in all banks and financial institutions.

"Even if this bank should operate for a year and then be forced to close again, the depositors would be better off than they are now. They would have received interest on their deposits, they would have permitted the bank to strengthen its loans, and they would have given the bank an opportunity to avoid the sale of its securities in a depressed market at a heavy loss."

Another printed discussion ended with a story told by Abraham Lincoln of a man who had bor-

rowed a wheelbarrow from his neighbor, and had sent it back with this note:

"Here's your old rotten wheelbarrow. I've broken it, usin' on it. I wish you would mend it, case I shall want to borrow it this afternoon."

The bank had been broken by "usin' on it." It was a good bank, and the neighbors who had used

it were invited to join in its mending.

So it came to pass that the depositors of one bank found a way to reopen its doors. As a sequence the files of the Morgantown newspapers containing the plan and the campaign story have been exhausted by calls from national and state banks in other localities of West Virginia and in neighboring states.

## Who's Who In West Virginia Prior to 1857

NOTE: "American Biographical Dictionary: Containing an Account of the Lives, Characters, and Writings, of the Most Eminent Persons Deceased in North America from Its First Settlement," by William Allen, D.D., has been combed for "lives" of persons having near or remote West Virginia connections. The reader is informed that the author predicated a subject's value upon his or her religious depth, and that such personages as Lewis Wetzel, Gen. Adam Stephens, Morgan ap Morgan, and many other persons who made their mark beyond the mountains, were evidently not known to him.

### Andre Michaux

MICHAUX: ANDRE, a botanist, died in 1802. He was born in France in 1746. He married in 1769 Cecilia Claye; but she died in 1770. After extending his botanical excursions to Spain, and spending two years in Persia, he came to America in October, 1785. During about nine years he travelled over the middle, southern, and western States, and proceeded to the north to the neighborhood of Hudson's Bay, procuring trees and shrubs for the establishment at Rambouillet.

For the preservation of his plants he established botanical gardens at New York and near Charleston. On his return to Europe in 1796 he was shipwrecked, but saved most of his collections. He had sent sixty thousand stocks to Rambouillet, of which but few had escaped the ravages of the Revolution. His salary for seven years he could not obtain, nor any employment from government. In 1800, however, he was sent out on an expedition to New Holland. He died of a fever at Madagascar. He published *histoire des chenes de Amerique septentrionale*, folio, Paris, thirty six plates, 1801; *flora boreali - Americans*, 2 vols. 8vo., Paris 1803, fifty one plates.

### John Lederer

LEDERER: JOHN, an early explorer to the west of Virginia, published his discoveries in three numbers in 1669 and 1670, translated from the Latin in 1672.

### Simon Kenton

KENTON: SIMON, general, died in Logan county, Ohio, April 29, 1836, aged 82.

He was a companion of Col. Boone, in exploring the western country and commencing new settlements. Many were his hard-

ships. Once he was tied to a stake by the Indians to be burned, but was rescued by a friend.

### Peter Jefferson

JEFFERSON: Peter, father of Thomas Jefferson, died Aug. 17, 1757, aged 49. He was born at Osborne's in Chesterfield, Va., in 1708, and married in 1739 Jane Randolph, daughter of Isham Randolph of Goochland. He was chosen, with Prof. Fry of William and Mary College, to continue the boundary line between Virginia and North Carolina. He was employed by Mr. Fry to make the first map of Virginia. About the year 1737, he settled at Shadwell, near Monticello, being the third or fourth settler in that part of Virginia. His wife, who lived till 1776, survived him, with six daughters and two sons. To his eldest son, Thomas, he left an estate at Monticello. The ancestor came from Wales, near the mountain of Snowden.

### Francois Andre Michaux

MICHAUX: FRANCOIS ANDRE, son of Andre Michaux, was born in 1770. He published the beautiful work, entitled the *North American sylvia*, 5 vols., 8vo., Philadelphia, 1817, 150 colored engravings; and *voyage a l'ouest de monts, etc.*, 1804; the same, translated, entitled, *travels in Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee*: London, 1805.

### William Walker Hening

HENING: William Walker, clerk of the chancery court for the Richmond district, Va., died March 31, 1828. With great industry and research he collected the statutes of

Virginia down to 1792. He published the *New Virginia justice*, called Hening's justice, 3d ed. 1820; statutes at large, being a collection of all the laws of Virginia from the first session in 1619, 13 vols., 8vo., 1823; and with Wm. Munsford, reports in the supreme court of appeals, 4 vols. 1809-1811. He was also editor of Francis' maxims of equity.

### Horatio Gates

GATES: Horatio, a major-general in the army of the United States, died April 10, 1806, aged 77. After the peace he retired to his farm in Berkeley county, Va., where he remained until the year 1790, when he went to reside in New York, having first emancipated his slaves, and made a pecuniary provision for such as were not able to provide for themselves. Some of them would not leave him, but continued in his family. On his arrival at New York the freedom of the city was presented to him. In 1800 he accepted a seat in the legislature, but he retained it no longer than he conceived his services might be useful to the cause of liberty, which he never abandoned.

### S. C. 5. Rafinesque

RAFINESQUE: S.C.S., Professor, died at Philadelphia in 1840, aged 56. His father was a Levant merchant of Versailles. He was born at Galata, a suburb of Constantinople. At the age of 16 he was sent to Philadelphia with his brother: he cultivated a taste for botany and natural history. From 1805 with his collections, the result of many years' labor he was wrecked on Long Island, and lost all his treasures, books, manuscripts and drawings. Dr. Mitchell befriended him. He made a

scientific tour to the West, and was appointed professor of botany at Lexington University. He again travelled, lectured, and settled at Philadelphia. He published in Italy various works in 1810 and 1814; also address on botany and zoology, 1816; *florula Lydoviciana* from the French, 1817; *ichthyologia Ohien-sis*; *annals of Kentucky*, 1824; *Atlantic journal*, begun in Philadelphia in 1832; *life and travels*, 1836.

### Charles Lee

LEE: CHARLES, a major-general in the army of the United States, died Oct. 2, 1782. He was born in Wales, and was the son of John Lee, a colonel in the British service. He entered the army at a very early age; but, though he possessed a military spirit, he was ardent in the pursuit of knowledge. He acquired a competent skill in Greek and Latin, while his fondness for travelling made him acquainted with the Italian, Spanish, German, and French languages. In 1765 he came to America, and was engaged in the attack on Ticonderoga in July, 1758, when Abercrombie was defeated. In 1762 he bore a colonel's commission, and served under Burgoyne in Portugal, where he much distinguished himself. Not long afterwards he entered into the Polish service. Though he was absent when the stamp act passed, he yet by his letters zealously supported the cause of America. In the years 1771, 1772 and 1773 he rambled over all Europe. During this excursion he was engaged with an officer in Italy in an affair of honor, and he murdered his antagonist, escaping himself with the loss of two fingers. Having lost the favor of the ministry and the hopes of promotion in consequence of his politi-

cal sentiments, he came to America in Nov., 1773. He travelled through the country, animating the colonies to resistance. In 1774 he was induced, by the persuasion of his friend, General Gates, to purchase a valuable tract of land of two or three thousand acres in Berkeley county, Va. Here he resided till the following year when he resigned a commission which he held in the British service, and accepted a commission from congress, appointing him major-general. He accompanied Washington to the camp at Cambridge, where he arrived July 2, 1775, and was received with every mark of respect. In the beginning of the following year he was dispatched to New York to prevent the British from obtaining possession of the city and the Hudson. This trust he executed with great wisdom and energy. He disarmed all suspicious persons on Long Island, and drew up a test to be offered to every one whose attachment to the American cause was doubted. His bold measures carried terror wherever he appeared. He seems to have been very fond of this application of a test; for, in a letter to the president of congress, he informs him that he had taken the liberty at Newport to administer to a number of the tories a very strong oath, one article of which was, that they should take arms in defence of their country, if called upon by congress; and he recommends that this measure should be adopted in reference to all the tories in America. Those fanatics who might refuse to take it, he thought, should be carried into the interior. Being sent into the southern colonies, as commander of all the forces which should there be raised, he diffused an ardor among the soldiers which was attended by the most salutary consequences. In October, by the direction of Con-

gress, he repaired to the northern army. As he was marching from the Hudson through New Jersey, to form a junction with Washington in Pennsylvania, he quitted his camp in Morris county to reconnoitre. In this employment he went to the distance of 3 miles from the camp, and entered house for breakfast. A British colonel became acquainted with his situation by intercepting a countryman charged with a letter from him and was enabled to take him prisoner. He was instantly mounted on a horse, without his cloak and hat, and carried safely to New York. He was detained till April or May, 1778, when he was exchanged for General Prescott, taken at Newport. He was very soon engaged in the battle of Monmouth. Being detached by the commander-in-chief to make an attack upon the rear of the enemy, Washington was pressing forward to support him, June 28th, when, to his astonishment, he found him retreating without having made a single effort to maintain his ground. Meeting him in these circumstances, without any previous notice of his plans, Washington addressed him in terms of some warmth. Lee, being ordered to check the enemy, conducted himself with his usual bravery, and, when forced from the ground, on which he had been placed, brought off his troops in good order. But his haughty temper could not brook the indignity which he believed to have been offered him on the field of battle, and he addressed a letter to Washington, requiring reparation for the injury. He was on the 30th arrested for disobedience of orders, for misbehavior before the enemy, and for disrespect to the commander-in-chief. Of these charges he was found guilty by a court martial, at which Lord Stirling presided, and he was sentenced to be sus-

ended for one year. He defended himself with his accustomed ability, and his retreat seems to be justified from the circumstances of his having advanced upon an enemy whose strength was much greater that was apprehended and from his being in a situation, with a morass in his rear, which would preclude him from a retreat, if the British should have proved victorious. But his disrespectful letters to the commander-in-chief it is not easy to justify. His suspension gave general satisfaction to the army, for he was suspected of aiming himself at the supreme command. After the result of his trial was confirmed by Congress, in Jan., 1780, he retired to his estate in Berkeley county, where he lived in a style peculiar to himself. Glass windows and plaster would have been extravagances in his house. Though he had for his companions a few select authors and his dogs, yet, as he found his situation too solitary and irksome, he sold his farm in the fall of 1782, that in a different abode he might enjoy the conversation of mankind. He went to Philadelphia and took lodgings in an inn. After being three or four days in the city he was seized with a fever, which terminated his life. The last words which he uttered were: "Stand by me, my brave grenadiers."

In his person Gen. Lee was rather above the middle size, and his remarkable aquiline nose rendered his face somewhat disagreeable. He was master of a most genteel address, but was rude in his manners and excessively negligent in his appearance and behavior. His appetite was so whimsical, that he was everywhere a most troublesome guest. Two or three dogs usually followed him wherever he went. As an officer he was brave and able, and did much towards dis-

ciplining the American army. With vigorous powers of mind and a brilliant fancy, he was a correct and elegant classical scholar, and he both wrote and spoke his native language with propriety, force, and beauty. His temper was severe. The history of his life is little else than the history of disputes, quarrels, and duels in every part of the world. He was vindictive, avaricious, immoral, impious, and profane. His principles, as would be expected from his character, were most abandoned, and he ridiculed every tenet of religion. He published about the year 1760 a pamphlet on the importance of retaining Canada. After his death, memoirs of his life, with his essays and letters, were published.

### Harman Blennerhassett

BLANNERHASSETT: Harman, died on the island of Guernsey, in 1831, aged 63. His widow, Margaret, died in New York in utter poverty in 1842. He was an Englishman of wealth and well educated, who came to Marietta in 1797. He bought a plantation of one hundred and seventy acres on a beautiful island in the Ohio, fourteen miles below the Muskingum, in Virginia, now known by his name. His mansion and improvements cost 40,000 dollars. He was a man of science and taste, and his wife was most beautiful and accomplished, skilled in French and Italian. His home was a scene of enchantment. But now, in 1806, came the destroyer, Aaron Burr, and persuaded him to engage in his projects. In consequence he fled from the island; was tried for treason; and had heavy debts to pay, contracted for Burr. He next lived ten years in Mississippi and thence removed to Montreal and England. Dr. Hildreth has published the Deserted Isle, being

verses written by his wife. He thinks the unhappy man was an infidel, and "lacked one thing, without which no man can be happy: a firm belief in the overruling providence of God."

### William Wirt

WIRT: WILLIAM, LL D., died at Washington Feb. 11, 1835, aged 62. Born at Bladensburg, Nov. 8, 1772, his father was a Swiss, his mother a German, both dying before he was eight years old. By an uncle he was educated till he was fifteen, but he never was at college. In 1792, he commenced the practice of law in Virginia. Marrying the daughter of Dr. George Gilmer, he lived with him near Charlottesville, and here he was introduced to the acquaintance of Jefferson, Madison, and Monroe. It is said he was reclaimed from dissipation by a sermon of James Waddell. In 1802 he was appointed chancellor and lived at Williamsburg; his second wife was a daughter of Col. Gamble. He removed to Norfolk in 1803; to Richmond in 1806. As a lawyer he was distinguished at the trail of Burr. In 1817 he was attorney-general of the U. S. In 1830 he removed to Baltimore. As a Christian he was exemplary and held in respect. About 1802 he wrote the British spy in which he spoke of the blind preacher Waddell; it passed through ten editions. His old bachelor was written in 1812; his life of Patrick Henry in 1817.

### James Rumsey

RUMSEY: James, resided in Berkeley county, Va., and died in Phila. In 1782 he invented a method of employing steam in navigation, for which he obtained a patent in Virginia in 1787. In 1784 he published a treatise on the subject,

In controversy with J. Fitch, who claimed a similar invention. His method did not succeed in experiments made in this country and in England. He died while employed in describing his Invention.

### Anne Royal I

ROYALL: Anne, a notorious woman for some years, died in 1854. Born in Virginia, she was kidnapped by the Indians and detained fifteen years; she then married Capt. R., and lived in Alabama. She established papers in Washington, Paul Pry and the Huntress. From simple men she extorted money by her personalities or threats. She published sketches, 1826; the Tennessean, 1827; the black book, 1828.

### Daniel Morgan

MORGAN: Daniel, Brigadier-General, a distinguished officer of the Revolution, died July 6, 1802, aged 65. He was born in the state of New Jersey, in 1737. At the age of eighteen he emigrated to Virginia, in 1755, and being without property, dependent on his dally labor, he obtained employment from farmer Roberts of Berkeley Co., now Jefferson. Afterwards he was engaged to drive a wagon for J. Ashley, who lived on Shenandoah River, in Frederick county. At last he became the owner of a wagon and horses, and was employed by J. Ballantine on Occoquan creek. A British writer mentioned it as a matter of reproach, that Gen. Morgan was once a wagoner. He shared in the perils of Braddock's expedition against the Indians, probably as a wagoner, and was wounded by a bullet through his neck and cheek. It is said, also, that in this campaign he was unjustly punished

on the charge of contumely to an officer, and received five hundred lashes. From the age of twenty to that of thirty he was dissipated, a frequenter of tippling and gambling houses, and often engaged in pubilistic combats, at Berrystown, a small village in Frederic county. From this degradation he rose to usefulness and honor as a soldier. In civil life he might also have been distinguished, had he sought to educate himself. The profits of his business as a wagoner enabled him to buy a tract of land in Frederic, on which he built a house, and where he lived at the commencement of the Revolutionary War. Soon after the battle of Lexington he was appointed a captain by Congress, June 22, 1775, and directed to raise a company of riflemen and march to Boston. Recruiting very soon ninety-six men, he arrived at Boston after a march of twenty-one days. In Sept., he was detached in the expedition against Quebec, and marched with Arnold through the wilderness of Maine. In the attack on the city of Quebec, Dec. 31, 1775, he was with the party which attacked on the northerly side, along the St. Charles. Arnold being wounded, Morgan and his riflemen assaulted the battery of two guns at the west angle of the town, in a street called, not Saint des Matelots, as Marshall says, but Sault au Matelot, or sailor's leap; and, firing into the embasures, and mounting the barricade by ladders, soon carried the battery. Col. Green, who commanded, marched about daylight to attack the second barrier, which was just around the angle of the town. But this attack was ineffectual, as the enemy fired from the stone houses on each side of the street as well as from the port-holes, besides pouring over grape-shot from a cannon on a high platform within the barrier. In the rear also there

was a strong force to prevent the retreat. Morgan and the survivors were taken prisoners. After his exchange he rejoined the army, and was appointed to the command of a regiment. Being sent to the assistance of Gen. Gates, he contributed to the capture of Burgoyne, though Gates neglected to speak of his merit. He afterwards served under Gates and Greene in the campaign at the south. With admirable skill and bravery he defeated Tarleton in the battle of the Cowpens, Jan 17, 1781, taking upwards of five hundred prisoners. For this action Congress voted him a golden medal. Soon afterwards he retired from the army, and returned to his farm. In the whiskey insurrection in 1794, Washington summoned him to command the militia of Virginia. He afterwards was elected a member of Congress. In July, 1799, he published an address to his constituents, vindicating the administration of Mr. Adams. His health declining, he removed from his residence, called Saratoga, to a farm near Berrysville, and after a few years, to Winchester. Gen. Lee says, that no man better loved this world, and no man more reluctantly quitted it. In his last years he manifested great penitence for the follies of his early life, and became a member of the Presbyterian church of Winchester. He died after a long and distressing sickness. His son was a captain in the northern army in 1812. - He was stout and active, six feet in height, fitted for the toils of war. In his military command he was indulgent. His manners were plain, and his conversation grave and sententious. Reflecting deeply, his judgment was solid, and what he undertook, he executed with unshaken courage and perseverance. J. Graham's life of Morgan was published in 1856.

### Joseph Doddridge

(1769-1826)

Dr. Joseph Doddridge was a brother of Philip Doddridge, the eminent lawyer for whom Doddridge County, W. Va., was named. He was born Oct. 14, 1769, in Friend's Cove, Bedford County, Pennsylvania. He received his early education in Maryland, and a few years after he returned to his home in Bedford county, became an itinerant in the Wesleyan Society. In 1791 his father died and he relinquished his duties as itinerant preacher to take care of his step-mother and the young children of the family. After getting his father's affair in order he entered Jefferson Academy at Cannonsburg, Pa.

In March 1792, Dr. Doddridge was admitted to the order of deacon in the Episcopal Church, and in 1800 ordained as a priest. In the meantime, 1796, he had moved the family to Wellsburg, Brooke County, Va., and was at once given work in this western territory. It is said that he had three parishes in Virginia: viz; West Liberty in Ohio County, St. John's and St. Paul's in Brooke County, besides holding occasional services in many other towns in the state. Being disappointed in his efforts to interest the Virginia church in missionary work in these lands west of the mountains, he extended his labors across the Ohio, hoping to build up an episcopate in that state. He succeeded in this undertaking, and in 1818 Rev. Philander Chase was appointed bishop of the new diocese.

Soon after being ordained as a minister he had prepared for the practice of medicine under Dr. Benjamin Rush, of Philadelphia, and became a very popular physician. In 1783 he was married to Jemima Bukey of Short Creek,

Ohio county. He died on the ninth of November, 1826, at his home in Wellsburg, Brooke county, Va.

Dr. Doddridge's published writings, other than those mentioned below, include various sermons on special subjects and orations delivered at Masonic festivals and other occasions. "Notes on the Settlement and Indian Wars of the Western Parts of Virginia and Pennsylvania, from 1763 to 1783, inclusive, together with a Review of the State of Society and Manners of the First Settlers of the Western Country.\* Wheeling, 1824; reprint, Albany, 1876; reprint "With a Memoir of the Author by his Daughter, Narcissa Doddridge,\* by John S. Ritinour and William T. Lindsey, Pittsburgh, Pa., 1912.

### St. George Tucker

TUCKER: ST. GEORGE, Judge, died in Nelson county, Virginia, in Nov., 1827, aged 75. Born in Bermuda, he was educated at William and Mary college. He had been a judge of the State court, and was appointed in 1813 judge of the district court of the United States, in the place of Tyler, deceased. In 1778, he married the mother of John Randolph. He succeeded E. Pendleton as judge of the court of appeals in 1803. He wrote poetry. A piece of three stanzas admired, the two first relating to his "youth." The last stanza is the following:

"Days of my age, ye will shortly be past;

Pains of my age, yet a while ye can last;  
Joys of my age, in true wisdom delight;  
Eyes of my age, be religion your light;  
Thoughts of my age, dread ye not the cold sod;  
Hopes of my age, be ye fix'd on your God."

He was a patriot of the Revolution, a man of taste and of an amiable character. He published an examination of the question, how far the common law of England is the law of the United States; a treatise on slavery, 1796; letter on the alien and sedition laws, 1799; commentaries on Blackstone.

### John Floyd

FLOYD; John, governor, died at Sweet Springs, Va., Aug 15, 1837. He was a member of congress from 1817 to 1829, and governor of Va. from 1829 to 1834.

### Alexander Campbell, D.D.

CAMPBELL: Alexander, D. D., died at New Orleans May 6, 1855, aged 63. He was a reformer among the Baptists, abjuring religious creeds, and forming a new sect, which prevailed in Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee. In a debate with Dr. Rice, he boasted of having two hundred thousand followers, not all in this country. He published the Millennium Harbinger, a monthly work.

### THREE BIOGRAPHIES

By Marh Meek Atkeson

JOHN STUART. (1748 - ?)  
John Stuart was born in Scotland, of Scotch-Irish parents, in 1748. His father was a friend of Robert Dinwiddle, Governor of

Virginia, and moved to Virginia with him, bringing his family, in 1752. The subject of this sketch, when little more than a boy, gained the rank of colonel in the border

wars. When he was twenty-one he came to Western Virginia and built his pioneer cabin near the present town of Frankfort, Greenbrier county. He commanded a company at the battle of Point Pleasant in 1774, and led a relief party from Fort Savannah to Donnally's Fort in 1778. Among the pioneers he held numerous positions of prominence, being one of the delegates from Greenbrier county to the Virginia Convention of 1788, which ratified the federal constitution, and for many years the Clerk of the Court of Greenbrier county. He is said to have been a man of unusual culture and refinement. ("Memoirs of Indian Wars and Other Occurrence", Richmond, 1832J

### LEWIS SUMMERS

Lewis Summers was born near Alexandria Va., in 1878, a son of George Summers, and a descendant of an English Protestant family. He was an attendant of old Christ's Church of Alexandria

and when very young was Marshal of that city. Later he studied law.

In 1808, when thirty years of age, he made the tour to the Ohio and kept a journal of the trip. In 1810 he removed to Gallipolis, Ohio, and in 1812 - 13 represented Gallia County in the Lower House of the General Assembly of that State. In 1814 he moved to Charleston, W. Va., and was a resident of that city until his death.

In 1817 he was chosen to represent Kanawha County in the General Assembly, re-elected in 1818 and 1819 and was chosen one of the Judges of the General County and a judged of the Kanawha Judicial Circuit. He was a member of the Board of Public Works and one of the most prominent jurists of the state for many years. He died in 1843 at White Sulphur Springs, Va. "Lewis Summers' Journal of a Tour from Alexandria, Va. to Gallipolis, Ohio, in 1808.\*

## When the English Came to Randolph

By S. H. WOODS of Mingo, in the Randolph County Historical Society Magazine of History, Volume 5, 1928.

The community of "Mingo Flats" was mildly excited when two young Englishmen bought the farm and home of Mr. Amos Hevener in 1883 and started house-keeping. R. B. Cholmondeley and C. H. R. Bruce with their cook, W. P. Loyd were the first of quite a little colony which collected there. Other young men came and lived with Cholmondeley and Bruce. Quite a good many later bought farms, making homes for themselves, bringing wives and servants from their home country.

These people lived, labored, traded, and played here, introducing their ways and customs as well as joining in our business and social life. Their upright honesty and unflinching courtesy were an influence for good upon the young people of that day. They were always ready with help for the needy, and sympathy for the suffering.

The English brought with them their natural love for sports. They introduced the hammerless gun, and fly rod to this section of the country, and some of them were wonderfully proficient with them.

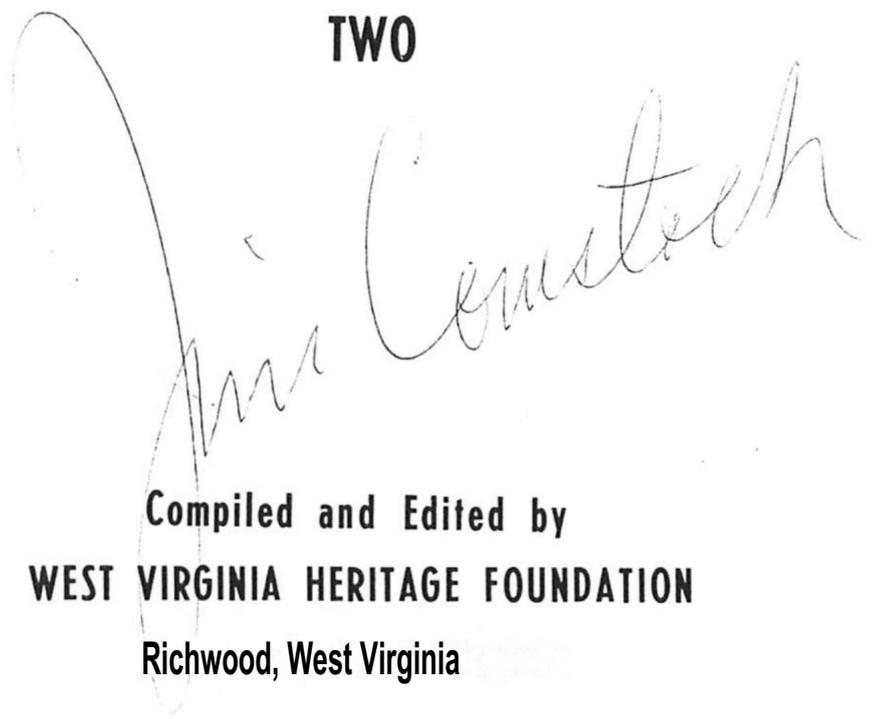
But of more interest were the group sports. Soccer football took well and became one of the weekly events through the fall and winter months, and many match games of

*West Virginia  
M.E.  
1.9*

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# WEST VIRGINIA HERITAGE

VOLUME  
TWO



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ORANGE COUNTY CALIFORNIA  
GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY



the early astrologers read their life histories in the movement of the planets and the twinkling of the stars, may have found their way to this vast continent, and some pious member with artistic taste, and versed in the traditional lore of his far away ancestors, and among others the tradition of Auriga and his goat, carved this crude image that stands before you?

However all this may be and whatever may be the true history of the mystery, it may be assumed that the people who fashioned and secreted this mysterious image have perished from off the earth, and their names and history been blotted from the memory of men, while the image has survived, weh preserved, to be discovered at this

late day, by the unpremeditated and unreasoning whim and curiosity of an impulsive boy; and the discovery only then made possible by the accident of a fallen tree having lodged beside the cliff in such a manner, and at the only place along the whole cliff which would have enabled the boys to reach the crevice, which, being followed, led to the cavity, invisible until reached, which contained this image; - certainly this is a curious combination of favoring circumstances leading to a totally unlooked for result.

This image is now preserved in the rooms of the West Virginia Historical and Antiquarian Society, loaned by the discoverer, Master F. F. McConihay. (The End)

## Know West Virginia

(West Virginia Review, October, 1932)

In 1808 an effort was made to remove the seat of justice of Ohio County from Wheeling to Grave Creek, now Moundsville. Mr. Tomlinson, of the latter place, visited Richmond with a petition liberally signed by citizens of the lower part of the county and by diligently working with the members of the House of Delegates succeeded in getting his project passed by a majority of fifteen, notwithstanding the opposition of the two members from Ohio County. In Wheeling the measure was called Tomlinson's "wheel-barrow project." It was opposed in the Senate by Philip Doddridge, who represented the district, and was defeated. Doddridge was late in reaching Richmond and Tomlinson afterwards remarked that if he had stayed away six days longer the bill would have obtained a majority in the Senate.

Non-Hel-E-Ma was a sister of Cornstalk and a Shawnee woman of great influence in her tribe. She was called the Grenadier Squaw by the white settlers because of her unusual height, but was christened Cartherine by the missionaries, and she is referred to sometimes as Katy. Notwithstanding the murder of her famous brother and nephew by the whites at Point Pleasant in 1777, she abandoned her people and lived with the whites at Fort Randolph, now Point Pleasant. She served as an interpreter and was of great usefulness to the Virginia soldiers and settlers.

## Confederate Soldiers of West Virginia

By Clifford R. Myers  
State Archivist (1933)

The following is a tentative list of Confederate companies from the counties now forming our state. While some of the companies are credited to a certain county, many of the men came from adjoining counties, and this crediting maybe changed in a future revision of this list. In some cases only part of the men were from what is now West Virginia. The list probably omits some companies and perhaps a company might be given twice owing to changes in offices or regimental transfers. It is hoped that this attempt will create an interest in saving from oblivion even at this late date, some of the records of the valiant "men in gray" who fought for the right as they saw it. Correspondence concerning these companies is earnestly requested and above all the gift or loan of original or photostats of rosters, muster rolls, and diaries, is desired. Even the record of an individual soldier is highly desirable if he lived in what is now West Virginia when he enlisted. An alphabetic card index of all these soldiers is being prepared and as complete a service record as is possible to find will be placed on each card.

The department has many original rosters and muster rolls, especially of the 31st Virginia infantry, and many photostatic copies of various companies. Through this list it is hoped that rosters of companies in other regiments may be found. Here should be acknowledged grateful thanks to the various West Virginia chapters of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, and the various individual members of these chapters who have already contributed much to-

ward the work of rescuing for posterity these Invaluable records.

Sixty-eight years have passed since the close of the struggle between the North and the South, and the aged survivors who wore the blue or the gray are now very few in number. A decade more and they will have passed almost entirely from the scene. Yet, in the long stretch of years since 1865, nothing has been done to collect and put into permanent form the names and records of the "men in gray" from West Virginia, a state born during the terrible struggle in which these brave men gave their all and saw their fondest hopes dashed to ruin in a "Tost cause." The writer, a grandson of one of these, hopes with thousands of other descendants of Confederate soldiers to see to it that the heroes of the "gray" as well as the heroes of the "blue" shall live in the military annals of our State. Surely there is yet time for all of us to cast aside prejudices and strive to complete this task so far as possible before it is too late.

### BARBOUR COUNTY

Co. H. Thirty-first Regiment Va. Light Infantry; Capt. Thomas A. Bradford; then Capt. George T. Thompson; mustered into service at Philippi.

Co. K. Thirty-first Regiment Va. Light Infantry; Capt. Henry Sturm; then Capt. John R. Phillips; mustered into service at Madisonville.

### BERKELEY COUNTY

Co. D. Second Regiment Va. Infantry; the "Berkeley Border Guards"; Capt. J. Q. A. Nadenbousch.

Co. E. Second Regiment Va.

Infantry; the "Hedgesville Blues"; Capt. M. C. Nadenbousch, then Capt. Raleigh T. Colston.

Co. B. First Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. John Blair Hoge; Capt. G. N. Hammond; Capt. James Cunningham.

Co. A. Seventeenth Battalion Va. Cavalry; the \* "Wildcats"; Capt. G. W. Myers.

Co. ----- . Known as the Jackson Mounted Guard of the ----- Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. William Gray.

Co. B. Of the Wise Artillery; Capt. Ephraim Alburdis, then Capt. James S. Brown.

#### BOONE COUNTY

Co. I. Twenty-second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. John P. Toney, then Capt. Wm. A. Chandler.

Co. B. Thirty-sixth Va. Infantry, the "Boone Rangers"; Capt. James W. McSherry.

#### BRAXTON COUNTY

Co. L. Seventeenth Va. Infantry (Col. French's) Capt. John Bland of Lewis County; mustered into service at Birch River, Nicholas County, October 2, 1862.

Co. C. Twenty-fifth Regiment Va. Infantry (Col. Higginbotham) Capt. Patrick Duffy.

Co. C. Sixty-second Va. Mounted Infantry; Capt. Conrad Currence, killed at New Market in 1864.

Co. B. Nineteenth Va. Cavalry; Capt. John S. Sprigg.

#### CABELL COUNTY

Co. E. Eighth Regiment Va. Cavalry; "Border Rangers"; Capt. Albert Gallatin Jenkins; then Capt. James Coms, then Capt. Henry Everett. Thomas Dunn English served as a private in this company.

#### CALHOUN COUNTY

Co. E. Fourteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Absalom Knotts. This Company was increased dur-

ing the war by men from Greenbrier County.

Co. A. Nineteenth Va. Cavalry; "Moccasin Rangers"; Capt. George Downs.

#### CLAY COUNTY

Co. E. Twenty-second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Thomas B. Swann.

#### FAYETTE COUNTY

Co. C. Twenty-second Regt. Va. Infantry; Capt. William Tyree.

Co. I. Twenty-second Va. Infantry; Capt. C. C. Lewis.

Co. K. The "Fayetteville Rifles," Twenty-second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. R. Augustus Bailey, then Capt. J. C. MacDonald, then Capt. Wm. F. Bahlmann.

Co. ----- . Twenty-sixth Battalion (Geo. M. Edgars) Va. Infantry; Capt. Daniel Heffer.

Co. C. Sixtieth Va. Infantry; Capt. Dews.

Co. —. The "Dixie Rifles," in Wises' Legion; Capt. Buhring H. Jones.

Co. —. Capt. Philip Thurmond's Co. Independent Rangers.

Co. —. Capt. Wm. Thurmonds Co., (See Monroe County).

#### GILMER COUNTY

Co. D. Thirty-first Regiment Va. Infantry; the "Gilmer Guards"; Cape. L. C. Anderson, then Capt. J. S. Kerr McCutchen; then Capt. L. D. Haymond. Company was enrolled at Glenville, May 31, 1861 and mustered into service at Laurel Hill, Barbour County in June, 1862.

#### GREENBRIER COUNTY

Co. D. Twenty-sixth Battalion (Edgars) Va. Infantry; Capt. Frank C. Burdette.

Co. G. Twenty-sixth Battalion (Edgars) Va. Infantry; Capt. Z. F. Morris.

Co. I. Twenty-sixth Battalion

(Edgars) Va. Infantry; Capt. John O. Carr.

Co. B. Twenty-seventh Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. ----- Brown.

Co. E. Twenty-seventh Va. Infantry; the "Greenbrier Rifles"; Capt. Robt. F. Dennis, then Capt. Philip Frazier, then Capt. Alfred M. Edgar.

Co. B. Sixtieth Regiment Va. Infantry, formerly Third Regiment of Wises' Legion; Capt. Alexis M. Buster, then Capt. John W. Johnston.

Co. E. Sixtieth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Jacob N. Taylor; then Capt. Moses McClintic, then Capt. Isaac Larew.

Co. A. In Eighth Regiment Va. Cavalry, then in Fourteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Moorman B. White.

Co. K. Fourteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; the "Greenbrier Cavalry"; Capt. Robert B. Moorman; then Capt. Benjamin F. Eakle, then Capt. A. P. McClung. This was the first company that left the county for Confederate service.

Co. —. Fourteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. John A. Heavner.

Co. —. "Bryan's Battery" (of King's Battalion) Thirteenth Regiment Va. Artillery; Capt. Thomas A. Bryan.

#### HARDY COUNTY

Co. H. The "Hardy Blues" (Reg-er's Battalion), afterward in the Twenty-fifth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. J. C. B. McMullen, then Capt. John J. Chipley. With the exception of the "Richmond Blues" this was the oldest military organization in Virginia at the beginning of the Civil War. It was mustered into Confederate service at Huttonsville, Randolph County, in June 1861. In Oct. 1862 merged into Co. B, Sixty-second Va. Mounted Infantry under Capt. John Chipley.

Co. —The "Hardy Greys" (Reg-er's Battalion), afterwards in the

Twenty-third Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. A. Spangler.

Co. —. The "South Branch Riflemen" Sixty-second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. John H. Everly then A. S. Scott.

Co. B. Eleventh Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Wm. H. Harness. Many Hampshire men were in this regiment. (See Hampshire County).

Co. —. "McNeill's Partisan Rangers," Capt. John Hanson McNeill. Contained men from eastern panhandle and neighboring counties.

Co. B. Eighteenth Va. Infantry, Capt. George W. Stump. (See Hampshire County.)

Co. F. Seventh Va. Cavalry; Capt. George Sheetz. (See Hampshire County.)

#### HAMPSHIRE COUNTY

Co. I. Thirteenth Regiment Va. Infantry; the "Frontier Riflemen"; Capt. Robert White.

Co. K. Thirteenth Regiment Va. Infantry; the "Hampshire Guards"; Capt. John B. Sherrard, then Capt. Felix Helskell. This was the oldest military organization in Hampshire County. It left Romney in May, 1861 for service at Harper's Ferry.

Co. I. Eighteenth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. D. E. Bell.

Co. A. Thirty-third Regiment Va. Infantry; the "Potomac Guards"; Capt. Philip L. Grace.

Co. F. Seventh Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. George Sheetz; then Capt. Isaac Kuykendall. Thirty-seven men in this company were from Hardy County.

Co. B. Eleventh Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. William H. Harness. Seventy men in tills company were from Hardy County.

Co. D. Eleventh Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Edward H. McDonald.

Co. B. Eighteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Geo. W. Stump. Fifty-men in this company were

from Hardy County.

Co. D. Eleventh Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Edward H. McDonald.

Co. B. Eighteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Geo. W. Stump. Fifty-five men in this company were from Hardy County.

Co. C. Eighteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Mathew Ginevan.

Co. F. Eighteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Robert Bruce Muse. A number of men in this company were from Frederick County, Virginia.

Co. K. Eighteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. John H. Piles.

Co. C. Twenty-third Va. Cavalry; Capt. Christian Streit White.

Co. E. Twenty-third Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Jonathan Mortimer Lovett.

#### HARRISON COUNTY

Co. C. The <sup>1</sup> Harrison State Guards," Thirty-first Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Uriel M. Turner, then Capt. Wm. P. Cooper, then Capt. J. C. Metheney.

Co. G. Tenth Cavalry; Capt. M. S. Kirtley.

Co. B. Seventh Regiment Va. Cavalry (Jesse's Run); Capt. Thomas D. Armsey; then John B. Lee.

#### JACKSON COUNTY

Co. B. The "Jackson Rifles," Twenty-sixth Va. Infantry; Capt. Wm. H. Lipscomb.

Co. E. Thirty-sixth Va. Infantry; Capt. Franklin B. Turner. Some men from the counties of Roane, Wirt and Wood were in this company.

Co. G. Tenth Va. Cavalry; Capt. E. C. Phelps.

#### JEFFERSON COUNTY

Co. A. The "Jefferson Guards," Second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. John W. Rowan (Charles Town).

Co. B. The "Hamtramck

Guards" (formerly the Shepherdstown Light Artillery), Second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. M. V. Butler.

Co. G. The "Botts Greys," Second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Lawson Botts.

Co. H. Second Regiment Va. Infantry (of Duffields), Capt. J. H. L. Hunter.

Co. K. Second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Geo. W. Chambers. The company was recruited at Harper's Ferry.

Co. A. Twelfth Va. Cavalry of Charles Town; Capt. John Henderson.

Co. B. The "Jefferson Light Horse," Twelfth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Robert W. Baylor.

Co. D. Twelfth Virginia Cavalry (of Moler's Cross Roads); Capt. John L. Knott.

Co. F. First Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Wm. A. Morgan (Shepherdstown).

Co. F. Seventh Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Angus W. McDonald, then Capt. Turner Ashby.

Co. —. Chew's Battery, "Virginia Horse Artillery," Capt. Preston Chew.

#### KANAWHA COUNTY

Co. H. The "Kanawha Riflemen," Twenty-second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Geo. S. Patton, then David L. Ruffner.

Co. A. Twenty-sixth Battalion (Edgars) Va. Infantry; Capt. John S. Swann. The company was composed largely of Kanawha River boatmen.

Co. I. "The Kanawha Rangers," Eighth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. C. Irvin Lewis. A number of men in this company were from Fayette County.

Co. E. Thirty-sixth Battalion (Sweeney's) Va. Cavalry; Capt. James H. Morgan. About half the men came from Boone and Putnam Counties.

Co. —. "Hale's Battery," after-

wards "Jackson's Battery," Va. Light Artillery; Capt. John P. Hale, then Capt. Thomas E. Jackson.

#### LEWIS COUNTY

Co. I. Thirty-first Va. Light Infantry; Capt. Alfred H. Jackson, then Capt. Nathan Clawson.

#### LOGAN COUNTY

Co. C. The "Logan Wild Cats," Thirty-sixth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Henry M. Beckley.

Co. —. The "Chapmans ville Greys," Thirty-sixth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Charles I. Stone.

Co. —. The "Logan Hunters," Thirty-sixth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Lewis Lichinett.

Co. D. Thirty-sixth Va. Infantry; Capt. Hugh Toney, June 3 1861.

#### MARION COUNTY

Co. A. The "Marlon Guards," Thirty-first Regiment Va. Light Infantry; Capt. William P. Thompson, then Capt. Willey Arnett, then Capt. Labon R. Exline. Mustered into Confederate service at Fairmont.

#### MASON COUNTY

Co. D. The "Border Greys," afterwards the "Gunn Rangers," Eighth Va. Cavalry; Capt. Wm. R. Gunn.

#### MERCER COUNTY

Co. D. Seventh Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. James H. French. See Johnston's "Four Years a Soldier."

Co. H. Sixteenth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. John A. Pack; then John M. Bailey, then Rufus A. Hale.

Co. I. Sixteenth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. W. G. Ryan.

Co. D. Twenty-third Battalion Va. Infantry. Capt. Wm. P. Cecil, then Capt. D. B. Baldwin.

Co. —. Twenty-third Battalion

Va. Infantry; Capt. John R. Dunlap.

Co. G. Twenty-fourth Infantry; Capt. Robert A. Richardson.

Co. —. Twenty-sixth Battalion (Edgars) Va. Infantry; Capt. Thomas Thompson, then Capt. James H. Peck.

Co. I. Fifty-ninth Regiment Va. Infantry of the "Wise Legion"; Capt. Wm. B. Dorman.

Co. —b "Mercer County Reserves" attached to Col. Wallace's Fourth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Alexander Pine. Some of the men of this company were transferred to Co. H. Sixtieth Va. Infantry.

Co. —. Independent Va. Infantry; Capt. Richard B. Foley.

Co. A. Seventeenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Wm. H. French.

Co. D. Seventeenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Robert Gore.

Co. —. Seventeenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Jacob C. Straley.

Co. —. "French's Battery"; unattached Va. Artillery; Capt. Napoleon B. French.

#### MONONGALIA COUNTY

Co. A. Twentieth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. David M. Camp. A large number of men in the company were from Marlon and Taylor Counties.

#### MONROE COUNTY

Co. —. Thirteenth Battalion (Clark's) Va. Infantry; Capt. Charles E. Vawter, then Capt. Louis Vawter.

Co. —. Fifteenth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Fielding Fleshman, then Capt. Geo. M. Edgar.

Co. —. Thurmond's "Independent Partisan Rangers" or "Thurmond's Rangers" Capt. William D. Thurmond. Counties adjacent to Monroe furnished many men to tills company.

Co. G. (Afterward F), the \* "Rocky Point Greys," Twenty-second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Lewis Watts.

Co. D. The "11 Monroe Guards," Twenty-seventh Va. Infantry; Capt. John Echols, then Capt. Hugh Tifney.

Co. —. "Bierne's Sharpshooters"; Sixtieth Regiment Va. Infantry, formerly the Third Regiment of Wise's Legion; Capt. Christopher Bierne.

Co. —. "Lowry's Battery," Virginia Artillery; Capt. Wm. M. Lowry.

Co. —. "Chapman's Battery," Va. Artillery; Capt. Bierne Chapman.

#### MORGAN COUNTY

Co. D. Thirty-fourth Battalion (Witche r ' s) Va. Infantry; Capt. David Barney Carter.

#### NICHOLAS COUNTY

Co. D. Twenty-second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Winston Shelton.

#### OHIO COUNTY

Co. G. The "Shriver Greys," Twenty-seventh Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Daniel M. Shriver, then Capt. Robert McEldowney. Later transferred to Thirty-sixth Va. Cavalry.

#### PENDLETON COUNTY

Co. E. The "Pendleton Rifles," Twenty-fifth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Wm. W. McCoy; Capt. Jehu H. Johnson; Capt. Edward W. Boggs. Commanded by Capt. McCoy the company was formerly attached to Reger's Battalion.

Co. B. Thirty-first Regiment Va. Light Infantry; Capt. Wilson Harper; then Capt. Robert H. Bradshaw; then Capt. Wm. R. Layman.

Co. F. The "Franklin Guards," Thirty-first Regiment Va. Light Infantry; afterwards Co. E, of the Twenty-fifth Regiment Va. In-

fantry; Capt. John B. Moomau.

Co. K. The "Pendleton Rifles," Thirty-first Regiment Va. Light Infantry; afterwards Co. K. of the Twenty-fifth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. David C. Anderson, then Capt. Wilson Harper.

Co. C. The "Pendleton Guards," Sixty-second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. John B. Moorman, then Capt. Absalom H. Nelson.

Co. D. Sixty-second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Solomon Flesh-er.C

Co. F. Sixty-second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Harmon Hiner-later Capt. of Co. A. Pendleton Reserves; then Capt. Charles D. Boggs.

Co. I. Sixty-second Regiment Va. Infantry.

Co. K. Sixty-second Regiment Va. Infantry.

#### POCAHONTAS COUNTY

Co. C. Twenty-first Regiment Va. Light Infantry; Capt. James Crawford Arbogast, followed by Lieut. Sidney Ruckman; then by Lieut. Elisha Wilfong. Muster roll August, 1861, in Confederate Memorial at Richmond. Organized at Green Bank.

Co. I. Twenty-fifth Regiment Va. Infantry, "Pocahontas Rescuers" from Huntersville; Capt. Daniel A. Stover, later Capt. J. W. Matthews.

Co. —. Sixty-second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Houston Hall, then Capt. Henry Smith.

Co. F. Nineteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. William L. McNeel.

Co. I. Capt. Andrew McNeel's Co. of Cavalry. Nineteenth Regt. Cavalry (see Randolph County).

#### PUTNAM COUNTY

Co. D. Sixteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Joseph W. Morris.

Co. K. Sixteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. James H. Nour-

mlng, then Capt. ----- Anderson.

Co. A. The "Border Riflemen," Twenty-second Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Andrew R. Bargee, then Capt. John K. Thompson.

Co. A. Thirty-sixth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Wm. Edward Fife.

Co. K. Sweeney's Battalion Va. Cavalry; Capt. Mahlon H. Kirtley.

#### RALEIGH COUNTY

Co. —. The "Dixie Guards" - See Fayette County "Dixie Rifles."

#### RANDOLPH COUNTY

Co. A. Eighteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Haymond Taylor, then Capt. Job W. Parsons.

Co. I. Nineteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Jacob W. Marshall; about half of the company was from Pocahontas County.

Co. C. Twentieth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Elihu Hutten.

Co. F. Thirty-first Regiment Va. Light Infantry; Capt. Jacob Currence; then Capt. Joseph F. Harding; mustered into service at Huttonsville.

#### ROANE COUNTY

Co. G. Sixteenth Regiment Va. Infantry; Capt. Samuel Tomkins, then Capt. A. G. Ingraham. Mustered into service at Charleston in 1861.

Co. F. Clark's Battalion Sharpshooters; Capt. L. C. Armstrong.

#### SUMMERS COUNTY

Co. —. Capt. White, then Capt. Ryan's Company.

#### UPSHUR COUNTY

Co. B. The "Upshur Grey," Twenty-fifth Regiment Infantry; Capt. John C. Higginbotham.

Co. —. John E. Eakle's Company.

#### WAYNE COUNTY

Co. G. Sixteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. R. H. Sparks. Mustered into service August 15, 1862, and was present at the surrender at Appomattox, April 9, 1865.

Co. K. The "Big Sandy Rangers," Eighth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. James M. Ferguson.

Co. —. Sixteenth Regiment Va. Cavalry; Capt. Sanders Spurlock.

Co. A. Thirty-fourth Battalion (Wicher's) Va. Cavalry; mustered into service at Prestonburg, Floyd County, Kentucky, Nov. 10, 1861.

#### WYOMING COUNTY

Co. G. Twenty-second Va. Infantry; Capt. James Cook.

#### WEBSTER COUNTY

Co. G. Twenty-fifth Va. Infantry; Capt. James M. Berry.

Co. —. Twenty-fifth Va. Infantry; Capt. William H. Mollohan, killed at Alleghany in 1862. Merged with Berry's Company.

#### WIRT COUNTY

Co. C. Nineteenth Cavalry; Capt. Jacob Goff.

#### WOOD COUNTY

Co. A. Thirty-sixth Va. Infantry.  
Co. E. Nineteenth Va. Cavalry.  
Co. F. Seventeenth Cavalry.

